

ASAHI BEER

Just the very brand...

MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, LTD.

Library, Supreme Court

Business Manager

The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845

TO-DAY'S DOLLAR.—The closing rate of the dollar on demand, to-day was 1/3 1/4.

No. 27,559

HONG KONG, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1930.

PRICE \$3.00 Per Month.

ECONOMIC EFFECTS OF BOYCOTT.

Heavy Drop in Sale of Piece Goods in India.

FOREST LAWS DEFIED.

London, Yesterday. The Indian Government's appreciation of the situation in India last week reports the resumption of normal conditions practically everywhere on the north west frontier province.

The breach of the Forest Laws appears to be extending in the central provinces and in Bombay Presidency.

The economic position in Bombay is deteriorating, and the sale of piece goods in Amritsar has dropped from a monthly average of 25 lakhs to two lakhs.

This operation of the economic forces is expected to encourage the increasing opposition to the continuance of the civil disobedience movement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing remarks, the improvement manifested during the past week is maintained.—Reuter.

Situation Obscure.

Rugby, Yesterday. The Government of India's appreciation of the situation up to last Saturday states that, subject to the comments given below, there has been no change during the week and the improvement manifested during the past few weeks is maintained.

In Waziristan the settlement with various Mahsud sections is proceeding very satisfactorily. On the northern border of Peshawar districts the situation has remained somewhat obscure throughout the week, but there has been no overt act of hostility.

There is no change in the situation in Bannu City in the north-west frontier province. The process of disarming the disaffected portions of the rural areas has continued throughout the week. During the week it has been necessary to apply the Prevention of Intimidation Ordinance to the central provinces where picketing has become more intensive and the methods more forcible. The Unlawful Instigation Ordinance, which makes a penal instigation to the non-payment of land revenue and certain other dues, has been applied to the united provinces, where Congress propaganda has been carried on in some villages.

The breach of the Forest Laws appears to be extending in the central provinces and in Bombay Presidency, and in some places it has been accompanied by wilful damage to standing trees.

Picketing of Schools.

The picketing of schools and colleges continues in some towns and in Calcutta has necessitated the successive postponement of certain law examinations. Generally, however, this part of the Congress programme does not appear to be achieving any considerable success.

The position in Gujarat continues to improve. More village officers have withdrawn their resignations and in several districts the collection of land revenue is proceeding better than was expected.

The economic position in Bombay City is deteriorating. On August 1 six mills closed down, involving 18,000 operations, and it is anticipated that other mills will close in the early future, owing to the inability to finance further production. The economic effects of the civil disobedient movement are not confined to Bombay, although they are perhaps most pronounced in that city.

Weavers Town Out.

In Amritsar, which is an important centre of the piece goods trade, the bar on foreign goods has resulted in the locking-up of a very large amount of capital with the inevitable consequences that trade and finance are seriously affected and that the movement of Indian-made goods is impeded.

It is reported that the sales of piece goods dropped in the month of June from an average of 26 to two lakhs.

The Madras Government report that in several places large numbers of weavers have been thrown out of employment owing

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO.

Articles of Association Adopted.

IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE.

At the second extraordinary general meeting of the Green Island Cement Company, Limited, held this morning in Exchange Building, the new articles of association of the Company were unanimously approved.

Mr. J. Scott Harston presided, and supporting him were Sir Robert Ho Tung, Messrs. Allan Keith (Secretary), R. A. Wadeson (Company's solicitor), C. F. Mendham, C. A. da Roza, and Li Tse-fong.

The two shareholders present were Messrs. M. A. Figueirido and F. E. Silva.

Chairman's Speech.

Addressing the meeting, Mr. Scott Harston said:—

The object for which this meeting has been called is, as indicated in the notice which the Secretary has just read, for the purpose of receiving a report of the proceedings at the extraordinary general meeting held on July 16 and confirming, if thought fit, as a special resolution the resolution, which was passed as an extraordinary resolution at such meeting.

This resolution, as you will remember, concerned the approval of the draft new articles of association of the Company.

You will also remember that at the above mentioned meeting I shortly explained to you why your Directors thought it essential to alter the articles of association, and I do not consider it necessary to add further therewith except to add that at the meeting in question the draft new articles of association were unanimously approved, and that the resolution recording such approval was unanimously passed as an extraordinary resolution.

Under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, however, it is necessary that the approval of the new article of association shall be signified by special resolution, and consequently this meeting has been convened for the purpose of enabling the extraordinary resolution above referred to, to be confirmed as a special resolution, and I accordingly beg to propose the confirmation as a special Resolution of the said extraordinary resolution, namely:—

"That the new articles already approved by this meeting and for the purpose of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof be approved and adopted as the articles of association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all the existing articles thereof."

I shall be glad if some shareholder will kindly second that.

The proposal was seconded by Mr. Figueirido and carried unanimously.

COUNCIL MEETING.

At Thursday's meeting of the Legislative Council the Colonial Secretary will move:—

That the Report of the Finance Committee (No. 9), dated July 31, 1930, be adopted.

The Attorney General will move the second reading of:—

"An Ordinance to amend the Telephone Ordinance, 1927."

"An Ordinance to amend the Holidays Ordinance, 1912."

The Hon. Mr. C. G. S. Mack will move the second reading of:—

"An Ordinance to provide for the incorporation of the Sailor-

Home and Missions to Seamen."

to the civil disobedient movement.

The operation of the economic forces may be expected to encourage increasing opposition to the continuation of the movement. Subject to the above remarks, the position in the various provinces is as stated in last week's application.—British Wireless Service.

Peace Talks.

Allahabad, Yesterday. The Vicere has authorised the leaders of the Indian Congress—Pandit Motilal Nehru and his son Jawaharlal Nehru, who are incarcerated here, to come to Poona, where Gandhiji is in Yerwada jail, with view to facilitating the peace talks.

Shanghai, Yesterday. While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

A further 50,000 Nationalist troops are expected in connection with a fresh attempt to retake Tsinanfu.—Reuter.

TRESPASS AT THE AERODROME.

Menace to Aeroplanes Landing.

SUGGESTED WARNING.

When five Chinese women appeared at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning charged with trespassing at the Kai Tack Aerodrome, which is under the control of the Hon. the Director of Air Services, Mr. Whyte-Smith intimated that he was not sure that the charge was right. He quoted from Interpretation Ordinance 31 of 1911 section 10. His Worship asked in whom the land was vested.

Sub-Inspector A. H. Elston: The Director of Air Services. The Magistrate: But he is not a Government servant?—At present he is the Hon. Commander Hole.

His Worship: Oh, I see. The Police officer pointed out that these people who trespassed on the aerodrome were a menace to aeroplanes landing there. They actually went there to dry grass. Complaints had been made about trespassers who walked aimlessly over the grounds.

His Worship: Any notice up in Chinese?

Sub-Insp. Elston: No notice at all.

His Worship: I think that it had better be done.

The Police officer intimated that this was the first case they had, and his Worship decided to caution all the defendants.

His Worship told Inspector Elston to communicate with the proper authorities about notices being put up, because if prosecutions were to be brought, it would be only fair to people to have these notices displayed as a warning.

FATE OF CHANGSHA

NATIONALISTS DISSATISFIED WITH HO CHIEN.

MISHANDLING AFFAIRS.

Shanghai, Yesterday. Foreign sources confirm news of the recapture of Changsha City. The firing continues on the outskirts. With the recapture of Changsha, the question in regard to the proposed reorganisation of Hunan Provincial Government is being discussed with great dissatisfaction. It is felt that Ho Chien is mishandling military affairs in the Province. Natives of Hunan residing in the Capital, including Tan Yen-kai, acting Chairman of the National Government, have petitioned the Central Government to remove and punish Ho Chien.—Reuter.

Earlier Cable.

Nanking, Yesterday.

An official statement declares that it is confirmed that Government troops entered Changsha this morning.—Reuter.

Peking, Yesterday.

American missionaries in Kanchow, Kiangsi, numbering twelve, have been advised to leave.—Reuter.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

A message from Sasebo, the Japanese naval depot, says that owing to the Communist menace on the Yangtze, the 24th destroyer squadron, consisting of the warships Yanagi, Momo, Kashi and Nara, have sailed for Shanghai.

In a message from Peking it is stated that the Communist bandits who are holding Miss Nettleton and Miss Harrison, two missionaries in Fukien, have cut off one of Miss Nettleton's fingers and sent it to the authorities demanding \$50,000 ransom for the release of the captives.

The British Legation at Peking is most reticent regarding the matter, but it is believed that the Communists have threatened to cut off other fingers if the ransom is not quickly forthcoming.—Reuter.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

The Vicere has authorised the leaders of the Indian Congress—Pandit Motilal Nehru and his son Jawaharlal Nehru, who are incarcerated here, to come to Poona, where Gandhiji is in Yerwada jail, with view to facilitating the peace talks.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

While the Communist menace in the Yangtze Valley grows apace, 20,000 Cantonese troops arrived at Tsingtao by steamer during the week-end and entrained for Kaoliang.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

'Phone 20022
FOR
**CLASSIFIED
ADVERTISING**

Twenty-five words three insertions prepay \$1. Every additional word four cents for three insertions.

All replies under this heading must be called for.

SITUATION WANTED.

WELL Experienced, hard-working and painstaking Accountant, Book-keeper and up-to-date Office Assistant open for engagement. Apply Box No. 661, c/o "China Mail".

TO LET

TO LET—Two Rooms, one quite married couple or friends. Private bath, board, laundry. Five minutes from Ferry. Telephone 57662, 18, Granville Rd., Kowloon.

TO LET—No. 3 & 4, Dragon Terrace, Causeway Bay, 1st, 2nd and 3rd floors. Each flat has three bed rooms, dining room, servants' quarters, kitchen, bath room, and water closets. Suitable for Europeans. Apply Clark & Lu, 10, Des Voeux Road C.

TUITION GIVEN

HOME TUITION.

WESTOVER—STEVENAGE. Within an hour from London. In healthy neighbourhood. SCHOOL for GIRLS and SMALL BOYS. A few Boarders received in the House of the Principal. Individual care and attention. Particulars apply to:

MISS RUTH CULLEY
(Camb. Higher Local),
Camb. Teachers' Diploma),
MISS GERTRUDE TURNER,
(National Frcd. Higher
Certificate).

MISCELLANEOUS

YOUR VISITING CARDS neatly and promptly printed.—"China Mail" Office, No. 3A, Wyndham St. Telephone 20022.

ALEXANDER'S INSTITUT DE BEAUTE



For the best Permanent Finger & Marcel Waves, Hair Cutting and Manicure for Ladies & Gentlemen. Pedder Bldg. 1st floor. Room 5. Tel. 25169. Opposite entrance H.K. Hotel.

Kashmir Silk Store

**SALE
NOW
ON**



PHOTO - SUPPLIES

Kodaks and Cameras. Films, Plates and Papers, etc. Developing, Printing and Enlarging.

ZIESS and BUSCH FIELD GLASSES
Price Moderate.

A Trial Order is Solicited.

A. SEK & CO.
Tel. No. 23459.
26A, Des Voeux Road C.,
Hong Kong.

FOR SALE.

COLLECTIONS OF POSTAGE STAMPS

MOUNTED IN BOOKS,
All Different. Without Duplicate.
500 Stamps \$ 4. 3,500 Stamps \$ 60.
1,000 do. 8 4,000 do. 75.
1,000 do. 18 5,000 do. 100.
2,000 do. 20 6,000 do. 150.
2,000 do. 40 10,000 do. 500.

GRACA & CO.
Dealers in Postage Stamps, Religious Goods, Garden Seeds, Toys, etc.
10, WYNDHAM STREET,
P.O. Box No. 620. HONG KONG.

GENERAL NOTICES

HONG KONG TRAMWAYS, LIMITED.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of 40 Cents per Share has been declared payable on WEDNESDAY, 27TH AUGUST next, on and after which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained upon application at the Registered Office of the Company, Canal Road East, Bowrington, Hong Kong.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the REGISTER OF MEMBERS of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, 13TH AUGUST to TUESDAY, 26TH AUGUST, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
W. F. SIMMONS,
Secretary.

Hong Kong, 5th August, 1930.

TO LET

TO LET—Two Rooms, one quite married couple or friends. Private bath, board, laundry. Five minutes from Ferry. Telephone 57662, 18, Granville Rd., Kowloon.

TO LET—No. 3 & 4, Dragon Terrace, Causeway Bay, 1st, 2nd and 3rd floors. Each flat has three bed rooms, dining room, servants' quarters, kitchen, bath room, and water closets. Suitable for Europeans.

Apply Clark & Lu, 10, Des Voeux Road C.

UNDERRATING ACTION

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

ON

THURSDAY, August 7, 1930,
commencing at 5.15 p.m.,
at their Sales Room,
Duddell Street.

A Valuable Collection of
POSTAGE STAMPS
including a fine specimen of Hong

Kong Jubilee Tall K., etc.
On View from Wednesday,
August 6.

TERMS—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers

Hong Kong, August 5, 1930.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

ON

FRIDAY, August 8, 1930,
commencing at 2.30 p.m.,
at their Sales Room,
Duddell Street.

A Large Quantity of
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE

Comprising—

Teak Hatstands, Glass Cabinets, Chesterfield Couches and Armchairs, Desks, Gramophones and Records, Pictures, Ornaments, Curios, Electric Ceiling Fans and Table Fans, Carpets, Rugs, Pianos, Wardrobe Trunks, etc.

Teak Dining Tables, Dining Chairs, Sideboards with Bevelled Mirrors, Dinner Wagons, Ice Chests, Dinner Crockery, Glass Ware, Kitchen Utensils, Stoves, Booking Machine, Sewing Machines, etc.

and

A Quantity of
BLACKWOOD FURNITURE

including—

Joss Tables, Curio Cabinets, Tea Pots, Jardinières, Chairs, Opium Stools, Desks, etc.

On View from Thursday, August 7, 1930.

TERMS—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers

Hong Kong, August 4, 1930.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

THE EASTERN EXTENSION,
AUSTRALASIA & CHINA
TELEGRAPH CO., LTD.

The following unclaimed telegrams are lying at the E.E. Telegraph Co. Office, Hong Kong—

Emporior, from Singapore.

S. LACK,
Superintendent

Hong Kong, July 31, 1930.

THE GREAT NORTHERN
TELEGRAPH CO., LTD.,
OF DENMARK

The following unclaimed telegrams are lying at the office of the Great Northern Telegraph Company (Limited) of Denmark—

Ragwort, from Shanghai.

Uniman, from New York.

Lymann, Dairy Farm, from Shanghai.

E. V. JESSEN,
Superintendent

Hong Kong, July 30, 1930.

FOOL PROOF

TROUBLE PROOF

SHEAFFER'S
PENS AND PENCILS

Sole Distributors—

THE SUN CO., LTD.

**The ORIENTAL BOOKS
of LOVE**

The KAMA SUTRA, of Varanasi.

Price 5 Dollars.

ANANGA RANGA, The Hindu Art of Love.

Price 5 Dollars.

The PERFUMED GARDEN.

Price 5 Dollars.

Le PETIT POEPE.

Price 5 Dollars.

LIBRAIRIE ASTRA.

12, Rue de Chabrol, PARIS (10).

CROWN OF ST. STEPHEN.

THE QUESTION OF A HABSBURG RESTORATION IN HUNGARY.

Budapest.

A few weeks ago, about the time when Count Bethlen, was Mussolini's guest in Rome, it still was the anxiously guarded secret of a small circle of initiated persons. Now it is declared with certainty that Italy has renounced her original resistance against the candidature of a prince of the House of Habsburg for the crown of St. Stephen, and that she is ready to consent to a solution of the question of Hungarian kingship in the legitimist sense. Italy will, therefore, as soon as this question reaches a point of maturity—and this may be the case in the near future—in favour of the assumption of the Royal power by young Crown Prince Otto, the son of ex-King Charles, and there is talk of a future marriage between Otto and an Italian princess.

Undermining Action.

The recent visit of the Hungarian Premier to Rome, is said to have had the chief aim of concluding the diplomatic negotiations which had been proceeding for some time in this matter. Count Bethlen, in this conjunction acts in accordance with an old trend of thought which ultimately aims at putting an end to the administration of the Hungarian realm by Horthy. It is well known that between Bethlen and Horthy serious differences of opinion existed formerly and that Bethlen actually made use of certain means in order to undermine the position of Horthy. It was possible subsequently to attenuate this personal conflict to the point at least, that Bethlen gave up the outward appearance of hostility against Horthy. Horthy himself, moreover, has not taken any part in active politics for some years past and only figures as an ornamental personage. If, however, as is rumoured in initiated circles, Count Bethlen has been urging the candidature of King Otto in Rome and if it is true that he has obtained the alleged consent of Mussolini, or at least his tacit consent to the solution of the question of kingship for a member of the House of Habsburg, he has, after all, only drawn nearer to his own original goal, which is to see the seat of the Administrator of the Hungarian realm vacated by Horthy. The result of the Roman pourparlers is said to have been notified confidentially to Paris and London and one thinks that England and France will also agree to the candidature of King Otto, as to-day, they no longer have any interest in preventing the return of a Habsburg to the Throne of Hungary. The peace treaty itself does not contain any stipulations regarding a loss of the throne through the Habsburgs, and only after the second attempt of King Charles to regain the throne had failed, did the Hungarian parliament, by instruction of the Allied Powers, pass a law pronouncing this loss of the throne and simultaneously the banishment of the King.

Consent of the Powers.

Now, one should bear in mind that a restoration of the Habsburgs in Hungary does not depend only on the expression of the wishes of the Hungarian people, nor only on the consent of the big Powers. One will remember that the "Little Entente" several times at her conferences reiterated the resolution that the accession to the throne of a member of the House of Habsburg would be a "casus belli" for them. This was always proclaimed in the fear that an event of this kind might also be an incentive to the tendencies for a revision of the Treaty of Trianon and might ultimately even disturb their own consolidation. Whether these fears will still prevail when the moment comes, or whether by that time far more important matters may not dominate the political developments in Europe, cannot be foretold.—Uta Press Agency.

Two Camps.

The struggle for the crown of St. Stephen had divided Hungary into two camps.

The Legitimists, among whom figure chiefly the Roman Catholic aristocracy,

the Church, and a considerable number of the rich Bourgeoisie have

been thought that England and France will also agree to the candidature of King Otto, as to-day, they no longer have any interest in preventing the return of a Habsburg to the Throne of Hungary. The peace treaty itself does not contain any stipulations regarding a loss of the throne through the Habsburgs, and only after the second attempt of King Charles to regain the throne had failed, did the Hungarian parliament, by instruction of the Allied Powers, pass a law pronouncing this loss of the throne and simultaneously the banishment of the King.

Effect of Low War Birth Rate.

London, July 3.

The central districts of London are suffering from a severe shortage of juvenile labour according to the report for 1928 of the London Advisory Council for Juvenile Employment, which was appointed by the Minister of Labour in 1924. In 1928 this fact was already being commented on, and despite the mid-summer release from the schools there were 4,000 vacancies in London at the end of August. The principal reason given for this lack of juvenile labour in certain districts of London is that many parents in the suburbs hesitate to allow their children to seek work in the centre because of the cost of travelling and the inability to take the midday meal at home. It is estimated moreover that there will be a reduction in the number of children leaving the elementary schools in the London County Council area of no less than 37 per cent. between 1928 and 1932. In the wider area covering 15 miles from Charing Cross, with an anticipated decline of 31 per cent., the estimate is that there will be 77,000 fewer juvenile workers available in 1932 than in 1928. It is suggested that in this abnormal state of affairs there is a danger that boys may be tempted to seek highly paid work with uncertain ultimate prospects in preference to employment which offers a better chance of advancement in after life. The question of transfer from depressed areas of young workers to London is a difficult one, since wages are apt to be lower than the cost of lodgings. Efforts are being made to deal with this difficulty and funds and organisations are providing hostels. The boys and girls born in the war years, with their low birth rates are of course now growing up and this is the chief reason for the scarcity of labour. If the Government pass their Education Bill into law the difficulty will of course become considerably greater.

STAR features Ernest Torrence and Anna Q. Nilsson in "The Side Show of Life," the story of a Briton who has spent his life in a French circus. War breaks out. He gains rapid promotion, but when the war is over, he is forced to return to the circus without gaining the hand of a daughter of the rich. His return provides a dramatic climax to a powerful story. A silent film.

WORLD presents a Chinese film "Westward Ho." It is no ordinary film with the usual plot, but a play dealing with social problems. The distribution of Chinese propaganda gains a front seat in this entirely Chinese picture. A silent film.

THE HONG KONG TRANSFER & LIGHTER CO.

St. George's Building, 2nd Floor

WHAT you need..
WHEN you need it!

We guarantee prompt delivery of cargo ex ships delivered to all parts of Hong Kong and South China. Also passengers' luggage called for and placed on board out going ships.

Phone. 23639.

WE ARE AT YOUR SERVICE.

Job PRINTING

Our business is to create beautiful printing. Typography, choice of stock — every element that makes for more attractive booklets, folders, etc. is produced here with the care that spells success. Exact estimates of cost are offered on each job, regardless of size.

THE NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE LIMITED

CHINA MAIL OFFICE
3A, Wyndham Street.
Hong Kong.
Telephone 20022.

JUVENILE LABOUR SHORTAGE.

Effect of Low War Birth Rate.

London, July 3.

The central districts of London are suffering from a severe shortage of juvenile labour according to the report for 1928 of the London Advisory Council for Juvenile Employment, which was appointed by the Minister of Labour in 1924.

N.Y.KLINE

REDUCED THROUGH TICKETS TO EUROPE VIA U.S.A. VARYING FROM £83 TO £120 ON SALE

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu.
SHINYO MARU Wednesday, 13th August.
TATSUTA MARU Thursday, 21st August.
SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports.
HAKAWA MARU Wednesday, 24th September.
LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM via Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez.
HARUNA MARU Saturday, 9th August.
KANO MARU Tuesday, 19th August.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.
KITANO MARU Tuesday, 19th August.
ATSUTA MARU Tuesday, 23rd September.
BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang, & Colombo.
TAIBA MARU Monday, 11th August.
PENANG MARU Thursday, 28th August.
SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama.
GINO MARU Wednesday, 27th August.
SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape Town & Ports.
KAWACHI MARU Tuesday, 9th September.
NEW YORK, BOSTON via Panama.
+ TOKIWA MARU Sunday, 24th August.
+ KUMA MARU Tuesday, 2nd September.
LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Stamboul (Constantinople), Genoa.
+ DELAGOA MARU Monday, 11th August.
CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
+ NAGATO MARU Saturday, 9th August.
+ BENGAL MARU Friday, 15th August.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
+ MALACCA MARU Friday, 8th August.
KASHIMA MARU Saturday, 9th August.
KANAGAWA MARU (Moj direct) Tuesday, 12th August.
+ Cargo only.

For further information apply to—NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

Telephone 30291.

(Private Exchange to all departments.)

O. S. K.

SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM & ANTWERP—Via Singapore, Colombo, Suez and Port Said.
ATLAS MARU Monday, 11th August.
RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS & BUENOS AIRES—Via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Durban & Cape Town.
LA PLATA MARU Friday, 29th August.
BUENOS AIRES MARU Friday, 3rd October.
HONOLULU MARU Tuesday, 10th August.
DURBAN, LOURENCO MARQUES, BEIRA, DAR-ES-SALAAM, ZANZIBAR & MOMBASA—Via Singapore & Colombo.
CANADA MARU Wednesday, 6th August.
MEXICO MARU Friday, 20th September.
CALCUTTA—Via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
CELEBES MARU Monday, 18th August.
VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA & VANCOUVER—Via Japan Ports from Shanghai.
ARIZONA MARU (from S'hal) Sunday, 17th August.
MELBOURNE—Via Manila, Brisbane & Sydney.
HAIPHONG—Via Hanoi & Pakhoi.
NEW YORK—Via Japan ports & Panama.
JAPAN PORTS.
KEELUNG—Via Swatow & Amoy.
TAKAO—Via Swatow & Amoy.
KEELUNG—Via Swatow & Amoy.
BATAVIA MARU Sunday, 10th August.

For further particulars please apply to—OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

Telephone 28051.

M. TAKEUCHI, Manager.

SILVERWILLOW.

Constructed by Messrs. J. L. Thompson and Sons for the Silver Line, the Silverwillow is 450 ft. long, with a beam of 61 ft. 4 ins., the depth being 39 ft. 6 ins. On a draught of 26 ft. 9,500 tons of cargo can be carried. Twin-screw Richardsons, Westgarth-Dexford engines are installed; developing 2,750 b.h.p. apiece. Each unit has four cylinders 600 mm. bore, with a piston stroke of 1,800 mm., and runs at 112 r.p.m. The speed of the vessel when fully laden will be 14½ knots.

She is the third of three similar vessels constructed by the same builders. The Silverwillow

has been specially built for the carriage of American and Far Eastern produce and is electrically equipped throughout with winches, windlass, steering gear and engine-room auxiliaries, as well as refrigerating machinery, driven by electric motors. There are four large holds specially constructed for the carriage of fruit and vegetables. The whole electrical installation was carried out by the Sunderland Forge and Engineering Co., and the Liverpool Refrigerating Co.'s insulating machinery is installed.

The Silver Line is managed by Messrs. Stanley and John Thompson, London, and the vessel and machinery were built under the supervision of Mr. James Smith, the owners' chief technical adviser.

SHIPBUILDERS, SHIP REPAIRERS, BOILER MAKERS, FORGE MASTERS, OXY-ACETYLENE, AND ELECTRIC WELDERS, MECHANICAL, AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS.

OF HONG KONG & ENGINEERING COMPANY

DRY DOCK

Length 787 Feet.

Length on Blocks 750 Feet.

Depth on Centre of

Sh. (H.W.O.S.T.) 34 ft. 6 ins.

THREE SLIPWAYS

Capable of Handling Ships Up to 3,000 Tons Displacement.
Electric Crane at Sea Wall, Capable of Lifting 100 Tons at 70 Feet Radius.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
AGENTS
HONG KONG CHINA & JAPAN

TEL Address: "TAIKOO DOCK" HONG KONG.
Telephone No. 3021.
Call Flag: "G" over "ANS. PENNANT".



TANKER OPERATION.

THE BRIGHTEST SPOT IN SHIPBUILDING.

The brightest spot in shipbuilding is the tanker tonnage under construction. The future of tanker operation is so difficult to analyse with any certainty that the views of any authorities on the subject, based on an understanding of existing conditions are of the greatest interest to

owners, shipbuilders and engine builders, and especially to manufacturers of Diesel machinery who have received such substantial orders. Hence the opinions of Mr. John McGovern, who, as a shipbuilder responsible for some of the largest motor tankers, speaks with exceptional knowledge, are deserving of careful examination.

He considers that orders for tankers have not been overdone, after making due allowance for those automatically falling out of commission, and anticipates that tanker contracts would afford the "solid crumb of comfort to the shipbuilding industry during the lean times which appear to be ahead."

It is well known that some tanker owners have become perturbed at the increasing corrosion now apparent in their vessels, due, Mr. McGovern believes, partly to the fact that a considerably greater volume of the refined product is now carried in place of the crude petroleum which previously formed the major portion of the transport. In certain trades, therefore, it is likely that the useful life of a tanker may be reduced to 10 or 15 years, a fact which is recognised in Norway by the allowance of a larger sum for depreciation.

This will involve the necessity for the construction of a larger tanker tonnage to make up for early obsolescence, which, from the shipbuilder's point of view, is satisfactory, if not pleasant for the tanker owner. On the other side of the balance sheet, however, tanker owners will probably receive a gift of about 350,000 tons deadweight carrying capacity if the reduction in tanker freeboard is agreed upon at the Load Line Conference. But this will not operate until 1932.

No difficulty was experienced by Mr. McGovern in showing the superiority of the Diesel over the steam tanker, and he remarked that "the modern tanker is, perhaps, the best example of a vessel that can take full advantage of the adoption of Diesel machinery, owing to the large proportion of time at sea and her ability for carrying as paying freight the equivalent to 5 per cent. or 6 per cent. saving in fuel consumption, this gain being increase in cargo capacity compared with an oil-burning steamer."

Tankers of from 10,000 tons to 20,000 tons deadweight capacity, all with a speed of 11 knots, were analysed in Mr. McGovern's paper, and, roughly, in practically all cases, it was shown that after every cost had been brought into consideration, the total running expenditure of Diesel tankers was some 15 per cent. lower than that of steam-driven vessels. For a 10,000-ton ship, for instance, Diesel engines show, for a 10,000-mile trip, a total running cost per ton of cargo of 16s. against 18s. 10d. for the steamer.

The Silver Line is managed by Messrs. Stanley and John Thompson, London, and the vessel and machinery were built under the supervision of Mr. James Smith, the owners' chief technical adviser.

NEW U.S. SERVICE TO THE ORIENT.

Dollar Line Underbids Dawson-Dant Group.

COMPLEX SITUATION

Another complex situation was

added to the Administration's merchant marine problems when the Dollar Steamship Lines underbid the Dawson-Dant group for the ocean mail on the proposed route from Portland, Ore., to the Orient and Philippine Islands after the latter interests had completed plans to establish a new American steamship service for operation between Atlantic ports via the Panama Canal to Pacific Coast ports, thence to the Orient and Philippines.

The Dollar bid, entered in the name of the Admrial Oriental Line, Seattle, offered to inaugurate the proposed service with five new 16-knot 10,000 ton combination passenger and cargo vessels at the mail pay rate of \$5.45 per nautical mile. It stipulates maximum rates under the Jones-White Act for operation of additional vessels, via Class 3, 18 knots, \$8, and Class 2, 20 knots, \$10.

The Dawson-Dant proposal calling for maximum rates in classes of vessels was submitted in the name of Pacific-Atlantic Navigation Company, Portland. This company, organised to establish the new line, offered to perform the mail service with vessels, Class 4, at the maximum rate of \$6 per nautical mile; Class 3, \$8; Class 2, \$10, and Class 1, \$12.

The Specifications.

The specifications, under which bids were opened in the office of Assistant Postmaster-General Glover, require the successful bidder to build three new Class 4 vessels within 25 months from the date of the award of the contract; and two additional vessels within 31 months from such date. The estimated cost of the vessel has ranged from \$3,500,000 to \$5,000,000 each.

The contract would run for a period of 10 years, requiring 7 trips during the first year of the service and not less than 12 or more than 18 trips a year during the remainder of the contract term.

Mr. R. Stanley Dollar, executive head of the Dollar Lines, and Kenneth D. Dawson, President of the States Steamship Company and prime mover in organising the Pacific-Atlantic Navigation Company for operation of the proposed Atlantic-Pacific-Orient service, were present at the opening of the bids. Both refused to comment as to their respective bids, although Mr. Dawson and his associates indicated surprise when the Dollar proposal was read.

SILVERCYPRESS.

The Silvercypress, built by Harland and Wolff for the Silver Line, has a deadweight capacity of 9,600 tons on a draught of 26 ft. 8 ins.. The length and beam respectively are 455 ft. and 62 ft., the depth being 40 ft. Harland & Wolff pressure-charged twin-screw machinery, of 7,850 b.h.p. is installed, the speed of the motors being 120 r.p.m. Each engine has six cylinders 740 mm. bore, with a piston stroke of 900 mm. Two boilers are fitted, one being of the exhaust gas type, with separate oil-burning installation.

The exhaust-gas boiler is of the Clarkson silencer type, taking the exhaust gases from one of the main engines and 50 per cent. of the second main engine. The boiler is 6 ft. in diameter and 11 ft. 9 ins. overall in height and will generate 3,500 lb. of steam per hour at 100 lb. per sq. in. pressure.

WARSHIPS IN PORT

The following British warships are in harbour to-day:

- Cleopatra—Basin.
- Hermes—No. 1 buoy.
- Sophy—Basin.
- Seraph—Basin.
- Starling—Basin.
- Tamar—Basin.
- Tarantula—Basin.
- Vulcan—Port.
- Admiral—Portuguese cruiser.
- Focal—U.S. gun ship.
- Vigilante—French gunboat.

WATER LEVELS.

ON WEST, NORTH AND EAST RIVERS.

The following table, issued by the Kwangtung River Conservancy Commission, shows in English feet the water levels on the West River, North River and East River, on the dates named:

Aug. 3 Aug. 4.

Shihlung	24.8	25.2
Tsingyuen	15.2	16.2
Samshui	15.9	16.6
Sheklung	9.0	10.1

The highest levels on record are:

Shihlung, 41 feet; Tsingyuen, 29.2 feet; Samshui, 27.3 feet; Sheklung 15.5 feet.

The lowest level on record at

Samshui is minus 5 feet and at

Sheklung minus 2.7 feet.

WAR RISKS.

DISABILITY ALLOWANCE AWARD.

In the early part of this year a shipmaster was obliged to relinquish his command owing to ill-health, which he attributed to his experiences during the War. Being a member of the Imperial Merchant Service Guild, he noticed, after his arrival home, the announcement regarding the removal of the seven years' limit regulation in connection with applications for disablement allowances.

Accordingly he got into touch with the headquarters of his society, and it was ascertained in the course of the correspondence which ensued that he had some years ago been in receipt of a disablement allowance arising out of the effects of his War experiences. The guild at once took his case up with the authorities, and the society has now been officially informed that their member has been awarded a disablement allowance under the War Risk's Compensation Scheme with effect as from the date of their application on his behalf, so that he will have a substantial sum due to him in respect of arrears.

It transpires that in August, 1917, when in command, his ship was attacked by an enemy submarine in the Mediterranean with gun fire, and after running fight for 2½ hours the ship was sunk and they were subsequently in the boats for thirty-six hours without food or drink—the boat he was in being capsized leaving the ship—and they were subsequently picked up in an exhausted condition. In the following March another ship of which he was in command was torpedoed off Anvil Point, but they managed to get her to Portland in a sinking condition. In April, 1919, he was obliged to leave the ship in which he was then in command at a port also.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC 14 DAYS FROM CHINA AND 9 DAYS FROM JAPAN

Hongkong	Shanghai	Kobe	Yokohama	Vancouver	Arrive
Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	
Aug. 7	Aug. 10	Aug. 12	Aug. 14	Aug. 22	
Aug. 20	Aug. 23	Aug. 25	Aug. 28	Sept. 6	
Sept. 4	Sept. 7	Sept. 9	Sept. 11	Sept. 19	
Sept. 17	Sept. 20	Sept. 23	Sept. 25	Oct. 4	
Oct. 2	Oct. 5	Oct. 7	Oct. 9	Oct. 17	
Oct. 1					

P. & O.-British India Apcar and Eastern & Australian Lines

(COMPANIES incorporated in ENGLAND).

MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS.

TAKING CARGO FOR

STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF,
WEST-INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST-AND-SOUTH-AFRICA,
AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND AND
QUEENSLAND PORTS, AND RED SEA, EGYPT,
CONSTANTINOPLE, GREECE, LEVANTINE
PORTS, EUROPE, &c.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

B. S.	Tons	From Hong Kong Aboard	Destination
RAJPUTANA	10,668	16th Aug.	1930
KIDDERPORE	5,334	19th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London, Strait, Colombo, Bombay & Karachi.
KASHMIR	8,955	20th Aug.	Marseilles, London, Hull, Rotterdam & Antwerp.
MANTUA	10,946	13th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London: Strait, Colombo & Bombay.
ALIPORE	6,272	17th Sept.	Marseilles, London, Hull, Rotterdam & Antwerp.
KASHGAR	9,005	27th Sept.	Marseilles, London, Hull, Rotterdam & Antwerp.
MALWA	10,980	11th Oct.	Marseilles & London.
KHYBER	9,114	25th Oct.	Marseilles, London, Hull, Rotterdam & Antwerp.
MACEDONIA	11,120	8th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles, & London, Rotterdam & Antwerp.
NAGPORE	5,283	15th Nov.	Marselles, London, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam & Antwerp.
KARMALA	9,123	22nd Nov.	Marselles, London, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam & Antwerp.
RAWALPINDI	10,619	9th Dec.	Bombay, Marseilles, & London, Marselles, London, Hull, Rotterdam & Antwerp.
KALYAN	9,144	20th Dec.	Marselles, London, Hull, Rotterdam & Antwerp.
RANCHI	10,650	3rd Jan.	Marselles & London.
KASHMIR	8,955	17th Jan.	Marselles, London, Hull, Rotterdam & Antwerp.
COMORIN	15,132	31st Jan.	Marselles & London.

*Cargo only. Call Casablanca.
Frequent connection from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to
Constantinople, Piraeus, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by steamers of the
Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS.

		1930	
TILAWA	10,006	16th Aug.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
TALAMBA	8,018	23rd Aug.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
SHIRALA	7,841	9th Sept.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
TALMA	10,000	11th Sept.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.

B.I. Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South).

		1930	
TANDA	6,956	5th Sept.	Manila, Thursday Island, Townsville,
ST. ALBANS	4,600	3rd Oct.	Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne.
NELLORE	6,853	31st Oct.	

Regular monthly sailings from Hong Kong to Japan and Hong Kong to Australia.

The E. & A. S.S. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Iloilo, Cebu, Kolambagan, Tawau, Timor, Darwin, or other ports en route as circumstances offer.

Frequent connections from Australia with the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail steamer to London via Suez Canal.

The P. & O. Branch Service of steamers to London via the Cape.

The New Zealand Shipping Company's steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN.

		1930	
PRORDA		6th Aug.	Shanghai & Kobe.
ALIPORE	5,273	13th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
TALMA	10,000	14th Aug.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
MANTUA	10,946	15th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
SHIRALA	7,841	22nd Aug.	Amoy, Shih, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
KASHGAR	9,005	29th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
BERRIMA		31st Aug.	Shanghai & Kobe.
MALWA	10,980	12th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
NAGPORE	5,283	23rd Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
KHYBER	9,114	26th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
MOREA	10,054	10th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
KARMALA	9,128	10th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
MACEDONIA	11,120	24th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
BANALLA		27th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
RAWALPINDI	10,619	7th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji & Yokohama.
TANDA	6,944	22nd Nov.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
ST. ALBANS	4,600	5th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
KALYAN	9,144	20th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
KASHMIR	8,955		

*Cargo only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

Passengers for Rangoon must defray their own Hotel expenses at Singapore while awaiting the on-carrying steamer.

All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.

Steamers on London and Australian Lines are fitted with Laundry.

Parcels measuring not more than 2½ ft x 2 ft x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing.

For further Information Passages, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
P. & O. Building, Connaught Rd. C, Hong Kong.

THE KWONG HUP LUNG CO., LTD.

ENGINEERS AND SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER MAKERS, IRON FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have over thirty years' experience. We own two shipyards and have complete equipment for erecting and launching ships up to 1000 tons. Town Office: 44 Commercial Road, Central, Hong Kong. Tel. 2004. Shipyards: Sham Shui Po, Kowloon. Tel. 2004. Agents: CHINATONE LTD., 100 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.

CONSIGNEES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

LLOYD'S ROYAL BELGE S.A.

From ANTWERP.

The Steamship,
"PATAGONIER"
having arrived, Consignees of cargo
are being landed at their risk into the
hazardous and/or extra-hazardous
Godowns of the Hong Kong &
Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.,
whence delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after
the Goods have left the Godowns, and
all Goods remaining undelivered after
11th August, 1930, will be subject
to rent.

All Claims against the vessel must
be presented to the Undersigned on
or before 18th August, 1930, or they
will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed and damaged
Goods are to be left in the Godowns
where they will be examined on
the 11th August, 1930, at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effect-

ed by

THE BANK LINE LTD.
Agents.
Hong Kong, 4th August, 1930.

INDO-CHINA
STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Destination Steamer Sailing
Ttan via Stow & Shai HANGSANG Sun., 10th Aug. at 10 a.m.
Ttan via Stow & Shai WAISHING Wed., 13th Aug. at 10 a.m.
Ttan via Stow & Shai KWONGSANG Sun., 17th Aug. at 10 a.m.
Ttan via Stow & Shai CHAKSANG Wed., 24th Aug. at 10 a.m.
Spore, Peang & Calcutta KUMSANG Wed., 6th Aug. at 3 p.m.
Spore, Peang & Calcutta SUISANG Wed., 13th Aug. at 3 p.m.
Spore, Peang & Calcutta NAMSANG Sat., 23rd Aug. at 3 p.m.

Osaka via Amoy, Shanghai KUTSANG Tues., 19th Aug. at 7 a.m.
Osaka via Amoy, Moji, HOSANG Sun., 31st Aug. at 7 a.m.

Kobe ... 7th Sept. at 7 a.m.
Sandakan HINSANG Wed., 13th Aug. at Noon
Sandakan MAUSANG Mon., 25th Aug. at Noon

Tanvia Stow & Foochow CHIPSHING Fri., 8th Aug. at Noon

Tanvia Stow & Foochow CHEONGSHING Sat., 17th Aug. at 7 a.m.

SUMMER TRIPS TO JAPAN—Excellent first class accom-
modation on through steamers from Calcutta to Japan at
the specially reduced return fares of \$175 to Kobe and
\$225 to Yokohama. These return tickets are for
three months. Further reductions made for parties of not
less than four adults.

For Freight and Passage apply to :—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,

Telephone 30311. General Managers.

SAILING NOTICE

WEEKLY

TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.

To SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES.

The Sunshine Belt via Honolulu.

The Short, Straight Route to America.

Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays.

a.m. Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays.

Pres. Jefferson Tues., Aug. 12, 10 a.m. Pres. Grant Tues., Aug. 19

Pres. Lincoln Tues., Aug. 26 Pres. Cleveland Tues., Sept. 2

Pres. Madison Tues., Sept. 9 Pres. Pierce Tues., Sept. 16

\$120, £112 Special through rates to Europe via

United States, Direct connections with all
Atlantic lines. Choice of rail lines across
United States and Canada, liberal stop-over privileges for
sight-seeing.

EUROPE AND NEW YORK DIRECT

ROUND THE WORLD.

Fortnightly sailing on Sunday via Manila, Straits, Colombo,
Suez Canal, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York
and Boston.a.m. Fortnightly sailing on Sunday via Manila, Straits, Colombo,
Suez Canal, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York
and Boston.

Pres. Garfield Sun., Aug. 10, 8 a.m. Pres. Adams Sun., Sept. 7, 8

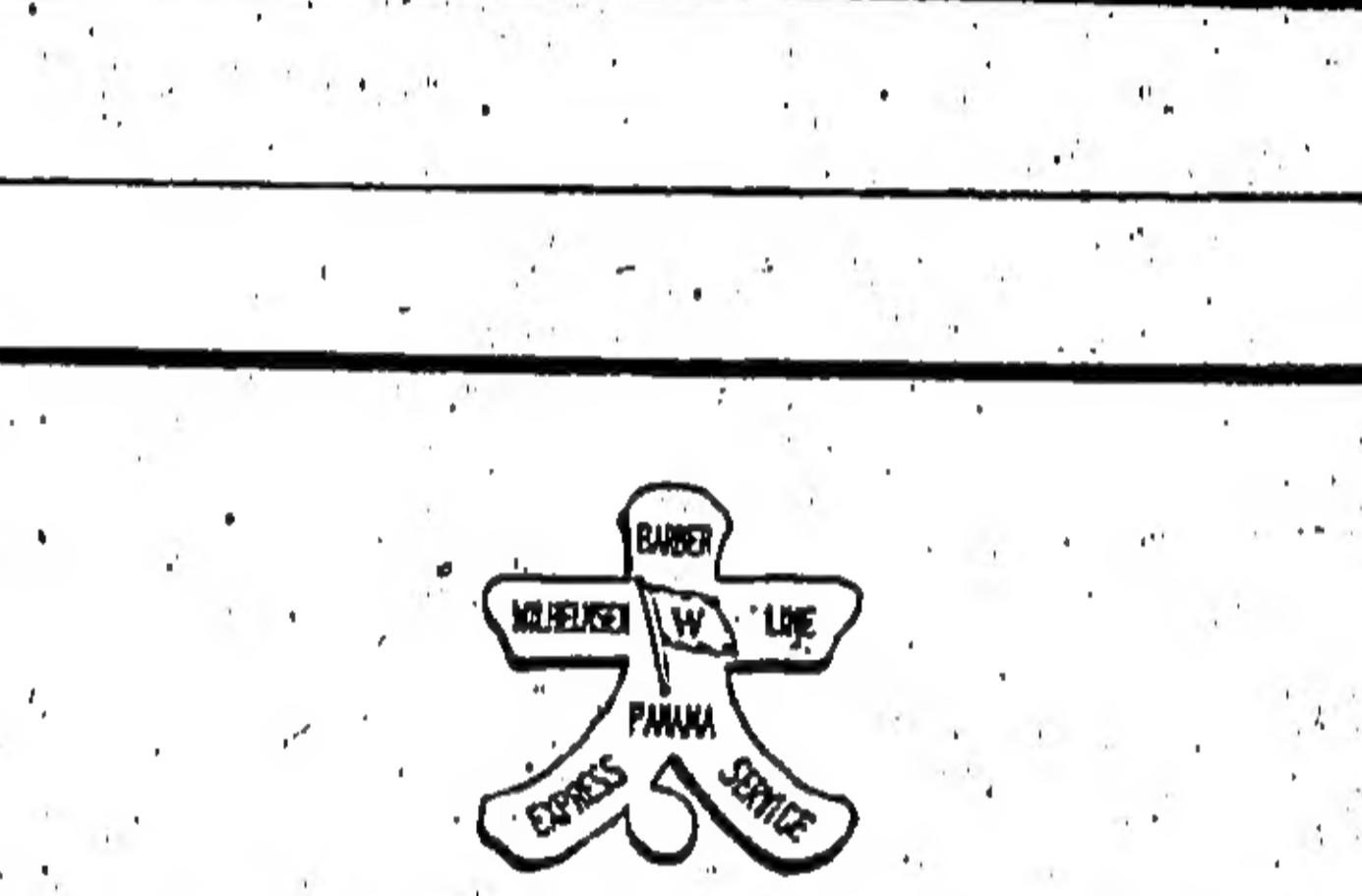
Pres. Polk Sun., Aug. 24, 8 a.m. Pres. Harrison Sun., Sept. 21, 8

TO MANILA

Pres. Grant Aug. 12, 6 p.m. Pres. Cleveland Aug. 26, 6 p.m.

Pres. Lincoln Aug. 16, 6 p.m. Pres. Madison Aug. 30, 6 p.m.

CANTON BRANCH — 4, SHA KEE STREET.

DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES
AMERICAN MAIL LINEBARBER WILHELMSEN
LINETRANS-PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC COAST SERVICE
via PANAMA.

NEXT SAILING

M.V. "TAI SHAN"

on AUGUST 18th.

for

SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA,
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES,
NEW YORK & BOSTON.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1930.

**HEALTHFUL, REFRESHING
and COOLING!**

WATSON'S

LEMON SQUASH

and

LIME SQUASH

made from the REAL FRUIT

With GIN,
or as a GIN SLING
make a drink par excellence.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
Manufacturers of High Class
Aerated Waters.



LATEST SONGS - DARING DANCES!

AT THE
QUEEN'S
DOUBLE ATTRACTION
AT USUAL PRICES
BOOK YOUR SEATS NOW.

AT PRESENT OUTDOOR WORK ONLY

K. FUJIYAMA
PHOTOGRAPHER.

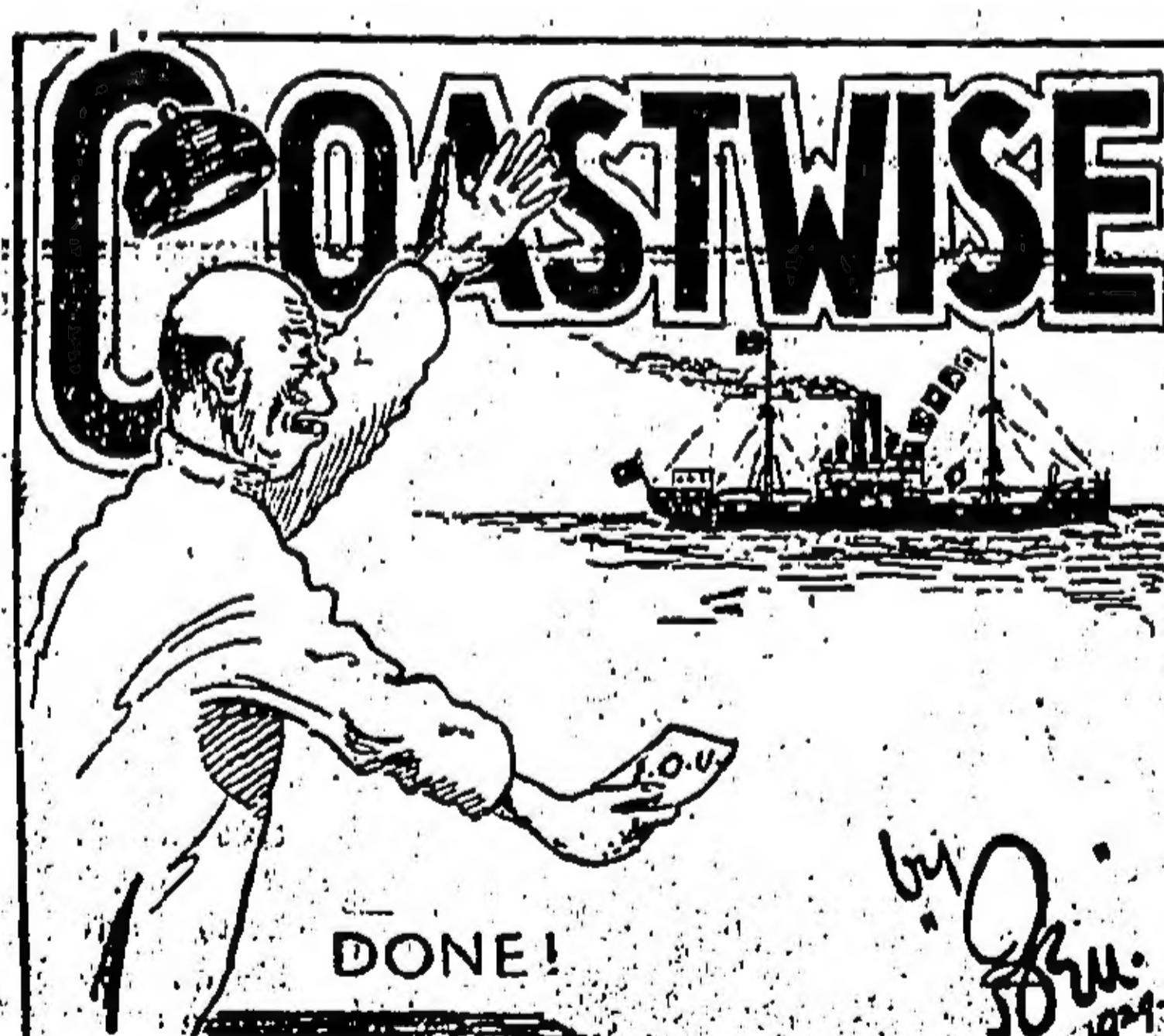
NIGHT PHOTOGRAPHY AND ENLARGEMENTS A SPECIALTY.
ENLARGEMENTS CAN BE MADE FROM ANY PHOTOGRAPH,
NEW, OLD OR FADED.

WEDDINGS GROUPS AND INTERIORS A FEATURE.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO
DEVELOPING, PRINTING AND
ENLARGING AMATEURS'
PHOTOGRAPHS AT A VERY
MODERATE CHARGE.

PROMPT DELIVERY GUARANTEED.

I can give you as good results as any Photographer
in the City and better than 95% of them
TEMPORARY OFFICE:
3rd FLOOR, 117, PRAYA EAST, HONG KONG.



An interesting book of Cartoons depicting "Happenings" on the China Coast cleverly drawn by
"ALGIE" BENNETT.

PRICE \$1.00

NOW ON SALE at
BREWER & CO., WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
& EXCELSIOR BOOK STORE

and at the Publishers

THE NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.
CHINA MAIL BUILDING WYNDHAM STREET

WHITEAWAYS

SALE SPECIAL BARGAINS IN SPORTS HOSE.

MEN'S

Fancy Top SPORTING HOSE



Plain ribbed legs
with fancy Turn-
over top. Wonderful
Value at

\$1.50 Pair

All wool ribbed
hose. Plain shades
of greys, fawns,
lavatts, etc., with
fancy tops.

SPECIAL
PRICE

\$2.95 Pair.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

The China Mail

[Every evening except Sunday.
Annual subscription, excluding
postage abroad, H.K. \$35, payable
in advance. Local delivery free.]

Overland China Mail.
[The weekly edition of the "China Mail." Annual subscription, H.K. \$13 including postage \$16, payable in advance.]

Published by
The Newspaper Enterprise, Ltd.
Printers & Publishers
No. 3A, WYNDHAM STREET,
HONG KONG.

TELEPHONES—
Business Office: 26022.
Editorial Department: 24641.
Cable Address: —Mail, Hong Kong.

All communications should be
addressed to the Newspaper Enter-
prise Ltd., to whom all remit-
tances should be made payable.

London Offices: S. H. Bywaters
& Co., Ltd., 36-38, Southampton
Street, Strand, W.C.2.

Hong Kong, Wednesday, Aug. 6, 1930.

Outrages on Britons.

It is difficult not to be impatient in regard to the latest news from China. It is difficult to restrain our language when we are told, firstly, that the Communist bandits have cut off a British woman missionary's finger and threaten to cut off the others if ransom is not forthcoming; and, secondly, that a Chinese soldier attacked a British woman in her bedroom, using his bayonet to overcome her struggles. It is stated that the British Legation in Peking is most reticent in regard to the outrage on the missionary. This can only be expected, as premature talk or action would undoubtedly place the lives of the two women missionaries held by the Communist bandits in the direst peril.

But is it not time to demand, after all those years of civil war and unrest in China, that China be brought to her senses by Great Britain and any other Powers whose nationals have been maltreated or killed? Assurances to protect the lives and property of foreigners in China have been as thick as leaves in Vallombrosa, but they must be regarded as mere scraps of paper.

If any responsible Government, whether national or provincial, cannot give practical effect to these continuous assurances, Great Britain must simply devise her own measures to meet the needs of the moment.

If the warring factions can't close their ranks and wipe the Communists and bandits and pirates off the face of the earth, the Powers should

offer to undertake the job themselves so long as the lives of foreigners are imperilled.

The toll of foreign lives in

China and the destruction of

foreign property during the last

five years have been extremely

heavy and serious. How long are

the Powers going to stand idly by?

Chinese abroad are given the full

protection of the flag of the

nation in which they reside and

do business. Foreigners in

China have an equal right to that

same degree of protection under

the Chinese flag. To admonish

and rebuke is futile. Drastic

action of some kind is imperative.

Outrages by Communists, band-

its and pirates are growing in

number and in severity day by day

and week by week. China must

be told in the very plainest lan-

guage that these must cease so

far as concerns the lives and pro-

perty of foreigners. Britain has

offered many times to assist her

in the suppression of piracy.

Britain could place a dozen regi-

ments in the country and rid it of

Communists and bandits while

the war-lords are doing nothing

better than giving empty assur-

ances for the safety of foreigners.

News in Brief.

The forthcoming wedding is
announced of Percy Henry Lloyd,
Foreign Y.M.C.A., No. 88, Bubbling
Well Road, Shanghai, and Malai'
Murray Omay, who is travelling to
Hong Kong on the s.s. Khyber.

A charge of the possession of a
forged \$100 Hong Kong and Shang-
hai Bank note was brought against
two Chinese at the Kowloon Magis-
tracy this morning, when Mr.
Whyte-Smith remanded the case for
a week.

The body of Chan Mo (35), a
coolie, was removed to the Kowloon
Mortuary this morning by the
Police. The man was employed for
one day on the Empress of Japan
and he died at midnight from
natural causes.

For the theft of a quantity of
coarse piping from the steamer Dux
a Chinese, with a previous conviction,
was at the Kowloon Magistracy
this morning sentenced to six
months' hard labour. Another
man involved in the theft was given
four months' hard labour. It was
stated by Sergeant Estall that both
were engaged as coal choppers.

At the Crown Land Office yester-
day two pieces of land were auctioned.
The first lot, Kowloon Inland
Lot No. 2327 with an area of 50,000
sq. feet was sold to the Credit
Foncier d'Extreme Orient for
\$100,000, the upset price, being
\$87,000. The land is situated at
Prince Edward Road and has an
annual rental of \$574. The second
lot, New Kowloon Inland Lot No.
1403 situated in Cheung Sha Wan
Road, was sold to Messrs. Der Sing
Co. and Li Wan Yu of 83, Queen's
Road Central for \$4,100. The
lot has an area of about 24,840 sq
feet and its annual rental of \$1,172.

Now on sale at
BREWER & CO., WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
& EXCELSIOR BOOK STORE

and at the Publishers

THE NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.
CHINA MAIL BUILDING WYNDHAM STREET

THE CHINA MAIL.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1930.

ROUND THE CINEMAS LEPERS IN THE P.I.

FOLKS MEAN WELL BUT CAUSE WOES.

"HARMONY AT HOME."

A Chinese boy named Kwong Ho (9), living at 1, Kauyufong, is the first victim of the present kite flying season. He was flying a kite from the roof of the house yesterday afternoon when he missed his footing and fell into the street. The unfortunate lad was terribly injured, particularly about the head, and was unconscious when picked up and taken to the Government Civil Hospital. He died within ten minutes of admission, without regaining consciousness.

Two opium smugglers were to-day produced before Mr. R. E. Lindsell this morning. One man, who was searched on the Ping On wharf, had 57 taels of raw opium tied round his legs. He was fined \$1,500 or six months' hard labour. The second man had 32 taels of raw opium tied round his waist when he was searched in Connaught-Road-Central. He was required to pay a fine of \$1,000 or go to jail for four months. Revenue Officer Grimmett prosecuted in both cases.

LADY ATTACKED.

BRUTALITY OF CHINESE SOLDIER.

USE OF THE BAYONET.

Shanghai, Yesterday. Mrs. Hearne, the wife of the Engineer-in-Chief of the southern section of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway, was attacked in her bedroom in the early morning at their residence, at Puchen, near Pukow, by a Chinese soldier.

Infiltrated at her resistance, the man used a bayonet to overcome her struggles, and Mrs. Hearne is at present in the Nanking University Hospital, her condition being very serious.

Her assailant escaped in the darkness.

The British Consul General, Mr. Hewlett, has made strong representations to the Chinese Foreign Office.—Reuter.

WANG CHING-WEI.

GREETED BY YEN HSI-SHAN.

Peking, Yesterday. Wang Ching-wei arrived at Shihchiachwang yesterday morning. Yen Hsi-shan greeted him at the station, after which an informal meeting of the Central Executive Committee was held.

Yen Hsi-shan banqueted Wang Ching-wei and party in the evening.

Yen and Wang are expected to go southwards to-day to meet Feng Yu-hsiang, but Wang is expected to return to Peking in time for the first formal meeting of the enlarged plenary session of the Kuomintang, which is fixed for August 7.—Reuter.

DISTILLERY CASE.

CHARGES AGAINST A LICENSEE.

See To-yiu, licensee of the Ka Wah Distillery, Aberdeen, was yesterday afternoon charged before Mr. R. E. Lindsell with surreptitiously moving a consignment of 20 jars of dutiable Chinese wines; and of withholding from the official Departmental books all records relating to the consignment, with the alleged view of defrauding the Revenue of the Colony.

Mr. H. A. Taylor, Assistant Superintendent of Imports and Exports, said that on the afternoon of July 10 he and a Revenue Officer went out to Aberdeen in a motor car. They passed and repassed the distillery several times and eventually sighted a lorry going toward it with a load of what appeared to be empty wine jars. Later men coming out of the distillery were seen to load jars full of wine on to the vehicle.

No immediate action was taken, but two days later Mr. Taylor visited the distillery, and looked through the books in vain for details relating to the consignment he saw moved out of the distillery.

The case was adjourned until Monday morning.

Kowloon Conviction.

Mr. Whyte-Smith, at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, imposed a fine of \$150 on Chin Kwon, manager of the Wing Chun Distillery, 58, Tung Ning village, Kowloon, on a summons for failing to issue passes on 40 jars of wine which were sent in consignment of 20 each to the Tak Chun and Wing Fat distilleries respectively.

Mr. F. H. Kwok appeared for the defendant and pleaded guilty to a technical offence. He thought a caution would be sufficient.

For the prosecution, Mr. H. A. Taylor, monopoly analyst, said that there was a suggestion that if all the distilleries did what defendants did, labels would be re-used. It would mean defrauding the Government of its revenue. The duty on forty jars would be \$170.

HAPPY AND CONTENTED EXISTENCE.

SINGAPORE LECTURE.

A highly interesting and instructive survey of life in the Cullion Leprosy Colony, Philippine Islands, was afforded students of the College of Medicine in their lecture room on July 23 at the screening of a series of cinematograph films by Dr. H. Windsor Wade, chief pathologist of the colony and field secretary of the Leonard Wood Memorial, who is on a visit to Singapore, says the Singapore Free Press.

Interspersing scenes of the life of the lepers, their work, their play, their rather pathetic interest in the arrival of the visitors' boat (which might bring a friend or relation to relieve their isolation) were pictorial illustrations of the magnificent scenery in which the lepers of the Philippines exist. From the sea Cullion looked a very normal settlement with plenty of shipping in the harbour and scenes of busy activity everywhere.

Unequalled Panorama. Upon landing the difference in the lay out of the town could be noticed, nearly all the houses, shops and stores being of thatch, with the usual complement of grocery stores, clothing shops, bakeries and even goldsmiths. Where the town straggled off into the country there were large plots of agricultural land. Lepers could be seen living on the land and helping in its cultivation. Everywhere luxuriant vegetation, inspiring mountains, towering cliffs, rippling brooks, made up a panorama almost unequalled anywhere else in the tropics.

Men, women and children, natives of the Philippines, all seemed in a perfectly happy and contented state, living a life perhaps more civilised and secure than otherwise would have been their fate. Well clothed, well housed, occupied with work and play, they presented a wonderful picture of what can be and has been done towards alleviating the sufferings of those cut off from their fellow beings by the disease.

Even the policemen were lepers. Prefacing the screening of the films with a short lecture Dr. Wade dealt with the problem of treatment, pointing out the similarity of the disease to tuberculosis, which, he said, attacked the lung tissues while leprosy attacked the nerve tissues.

Strict Routine. The routine of a sanatorium was similar to the other part of the treatment, which had to do with regulating the habits of the lepers. Altogether there were 5,500 lepers in Cullion, which was the largest leper colony in the world. Lepers were about their daily duties from all appearances similar to normal people and there was very little despair now that they knew cure was possible. They accepted their restrictions as part of the treatment. Much the same food as taken by other inhabitants of the Philippines was eaten. The Government found their food and clothing and occupations in the town or on the

SEPTEMBER AT GENEVA.

Some Problems for the Assembly.

(By Elizabeth Monroe.)

The unlikely sometimes happens at Geneva, and it is not possible to predict with certainty what are the stiffest problems the delegates will have to face at this year's Assembly, but the agenda has now been published and it seems likely that two subjects will arouse special interest, discussion and possible controversy.

Revision of the Covenant.

The first is the revising of the Covenant to bring it into harmony with the Kellogg Pact. The present Covenant, drafted soon after the end of the World War, admits that resort to war is justifiable under certain stated conditions and after a specified delay. The Kellogg pact, drafted nearly ten years later, when the success of arbitration and conciliation had been tested and proved in disputes between nations, was able to bind its signatories to total renunciation of war as a means of settlement. Last year's Assembly resolved that revision of the Covenant was desirable; this year the delegates meet to discuss the amendments which have been drafted by the special committee whom they elected.

A Commonwealth For Europe.

The other subject which will arouse universal interest is Monsieur Briand's proposal that Europe shall adopt a federal system and get rid of the political and economic barriers which hedge in the various nations on all sides, and which he considers a bar to effective international co-operation. Few people disagree with this last statement; it is obvious that better co-operation exists where there is some kind of federal union—obvious examples are the different states of the United States of America, or the dominion members of the British Commonwealth of Nations. But not everyone agrees with Monsieur Briand that a United States is the European solution.

It is felt that a new federation will overlap with the League: more important than this, it is felt that it will split the League's present unity.

Prime Ministers As Delegates.

Its effect upon the British dominions would be specially complicated, for while Great Britain would "form part of" it, they who are so intimately connected with her, would necessarily be excluded. Any claims which they may wish to put forward on this score will have a good hearing, not only because they may affect the final fate of the plan but because they will this year be made by specially strong delegations. The opening of the Imperial Conference in London in October means that an unusual number of premiers from the dominions will be in Europe in the autumn, and many of them—certainly General Hertzog, and Mr. Mackenzie King if he is still in office—have arranged to arrive in Europe early enough to speak and vote on behalf of their country at Geneva.

INDIAN "ROBIN HOOD."

Dacoits' Reign of Terror.

"THE GANDHI RAJ."

A story which reads like a Robin Hood tale comes from Nasik, where a notorious dacoit has for the past year instituted a reign of terror in the forest district. Styling himself "King of the jungle," and appointed lord of the district under the "Gandhi Raj," he has rendered a large tract of forest a "no man's land" where no policeman or forest officer is safe.

To narrate the whole series of exploits of Mana Pharsi would fill a volume. Beginning as a highway robber, his career furnishes plenty of material for an Edgar Wallace thriller. Not only was he adept in the arts of dacoity and robbery, but he is a melodramatic actor and styles himself "Prince Shivaji, liberator of the oppressed and sworn enemy of the tyrant Government."

A peasant by caste and coming from a group of villages over which he has established his reign, he scorns the native dialect and speaks fluent Hindustani and wears a Gandhi cap. Though not averse to plunder, loot and sometimes arson, he delights in waylaying Government servants, terrorising them, stripping them of their uniforms and releasing them in a panic-stricken condition, advising them to go home and wear khadi.

Latest Exploit.

His latest exploit occurred as recently as Friday. A lonely forest official on horseback crossing a jungle path was ambushed by the robber chief who, flourishing a glittering sword and dressed in ill-assorted garments of the stage, ordered the official to strip. The cash with the official was not touched, but his new boots were exchanged for an old pair the robber was wearing.

Presenting a sorry spectacle the official reached Nasik and related his experiences. A strong police party has been despatched to comb the jungle haunts of "Prince Shivaji."

Among his exploits was the holding up of a wedding of a rich Marwari who, with his relations, were assaulted and robbed and the noses of two sowars were cut. A year ago he shot dead a police constable who was one of a band sent to arrest him.

He was surprised and surrounded in a forest. The constable who was young first saw him and rushed at him. The robber turned and ran, then concealed himself in tall grass, and, as the constable came up, shot him dead, making good his escape. He thrashed one head constable in a village and thrust dried fish in his mouth as a further indignity.

"Let Us Be Fair."

"Unhappily the public seem inclined to want to believe evil things of the old universities and to forget the great and fine work which they do."

"Let us be fair to the undergraduate of to-day. We cannot compare him with the undergraduate of the days before the war."

"In pre-war days there was a settled, ordered outlook on life. Many men came to the University knowing full well that they would never be required to work all their days. There had been so long an era of peace that they knew what to-morrow would bring forth."

"But the war has intervened and upset everything. Now what man knows to-day what to-morrow will bring forth? Taking this general atmosphere of unsettlement into consideration, I find that the student of to-day is tackling his problems in a satisfactory manner."

"I will not say it has been so ever since the war. On the contrary, I think that just after the war, there were reasons for grave doubts. The University was composed of men who had had all sorts of experiences in the trenches: men older than the average undergraduate ordinarily is. They were mixed with the boys fresh from school. But not ordinary boys. They were boys who had spent their last term at school, desperately and anxiously waiting for the moment when they too, would get into khaki. Many of them were nervous mental wrecks."

PASTOR KILLED.

MAN SHOOTS HIM AND OWN WIFE.

Ottawa, June 28.

When the Rev. Raymond Edgar Wood (pastor of the Pentecostal Mission) finished his sermon at Niagara church to-day, Frank Ross, 35, labourer, stepped forward and shot him dead on the pulpit steps.

With businesslike accuracy Ross turned the weapon on his own wife killing her instantly.

Wheeling quickly, he put two bullets in the legs of Leonard Towe, and finished by firing a shot at Leona Kuhn.

The pastor's aged mother saw the shooting. Several were injured as the congregation rushed from the church in panic.

Ross coolly told the police that his wife and the clergyman had been keeping love trysts, and that he shot Towe and Kuhn because they had assisted in the deception.

POST OFFICE STRIKE.

TROUBLE AVERTED BY GRANT OF LOW SILVER ALLOWANCE.

Shanghai, Yesterday. Two Chinese were burned to death. And damage estimated at \$100,000 done as a result of a fire at one of Messrs. Butterfield and Swire's godowns at Poo-tung this morning.

A considerable amount of tea and paper has suffered to have been destroyed. —Reuters.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Shanghai, Yesterday. The Post Office trouble has been settled provisionally. All employees have been granted two dollars nightly as a low silver allowance. The former application was refused.

"On the other hand, jazz music is now a profession and remember that for more undergraduates

DO UNDERGRADS WORK?

What the Master of Balliol Has to Say.

A DIFFICULT PERIOD.

Thousands of parents, after reading of the escapades of the undergraduate who figured in the shooting tragedy at Cambridge, are asking what sort of life young men lead at the Universities.

Below will be found a frank statement of opinion by the Master of Balliol, one of the most distinguished authorities in the University of Oxford. The interview is particularly interesting because of the satirical reference to "Isis," the University magazine, to the dissipated week-ends spent by undergraduates for want of something better to do.

Mr. A. D. Lindsay, who has been head of Balliol for six years, is a young and active man, untrammeled by outworn conventions in his outlook (writes an Evening Standard correspondent).

He said:—"Like everything else in this disturbed post-war world, Oxford is going through a difficult period. But let me say at the outset that I consider this present generation of undergraduates to be the finest lot of young men I have ever encountered. I know there is a general tendency on the part of all Oxford men to say that this generation is not so good as my generation was.

"That is, to my mind, a human failing. I have been in Oxford for many years and have watched undergraduates come and undergraduates go, and it is my firm opinion that the present generation is the best of all. It is true that from time to time there have been deplorable delinquencies among the undergraduates, but it is not fair to judge the great mass of the university by misbehaviour on the part of a very small section.

"Let Us Be Fair."

"Unhappily the public seem inclined to want to believe evil things of the old universities and to forget the great and fine work which they do."

"Let us be fair to the undergraduate of to-day. We cannot compare him with the undergraduate of the days before the war."

"In pre-war days there was a settled, ordered outlook on life. Many men came to the University knowing full well that they would never be required to work all their days. There had been so long an era of peace that they knew what to-morrow would bring forth."

"But the war has intervened and upset everything. Now what man knows to-day what to-morrow will bring forth? Taking this general atmosphere of unsettlement into consideration, I find that the student of to-day is tackling his problems in a satisfactory manner."

"I will not say it has been so ever since the war. On the contrary, I think that just after the war, there were reasons for grave doubts. The University was composed of men who had had all sorts of experiences in the trenches: men older than the average undergraduate ordinarily is. They were mixed with the boys fresh from school. But not ordinary boys. They were boys who had spent their last term at school, desperately and anxiously waiting for the moment when they too, would get into khaki. Many of them were nervous mental wrecks."

Men From The Trenches.

"Similarly, I saw many men returned from the trenches to their colleges who though outwardly they appeared fit had suffered so much without knowing it that when they attempted mental concentration they collapsed completely."

"But now we have the university in its stride again, although it is striding in an unsettled world. It has always been my contention that the public imagination is invariably a generation behind in its estimate of the university. You may take it that the university is fulfilling its great and high purposes."

"I asked Mr. Lindsay what was his general impression of the undergraduate of to-day. He replied with enthusiasm:

"These young men are naturally extraordinarily nice people, and they work harder than did the pre-war generation. And I say that from my experience, both as master and tutor.

"Of course, there are exceptions, but not many."

Jazz Band Player.

I then requested Mr. Lindsay to state his opinion of undergraduates who went in for jazz bands and he said quickly:

"I hate jazz myself. Some time ago I was confronted with a young man who wanted to leave because he belonged to some jazz band. Of course, the application was refused."

"On the other hand, jazz music is now a profession and remember that for more undergraduates

SHADOWS BEFORE

COMING EVENTS ANNOUNCED IN CHINA MAIL.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

Tod-day—Queen's Theatre, "Hollywood Revue."

To-day—Star Theatre, "Side Show of Life."

To-day—World Theatre, "Westward Ho."

To-day—Majestic Theatre, "Three Sinners."

To-day—Central Theatre, "Charming Sinners."

To-morrow—Wellington barracks Concert, 8.30 p.m.

August 8—Volunteer Headquarters Concert, 9.30 p.m.

Home Malls.

To-day—Inward from Europe via Siberia (Tibabak).

To-morrow—Inward from America and ports and Europe via Siberia (Shinyo Maru); Outward for Europe via Siberia (Empress of Japan), 10 a.m.

Land Sale.

August 11—at P.W.D. offices, one lot of Crown land at the junction of Embankment Road and Duke Street, Kowloon, 3 p.m.

Lammer's Auctions.

To-morrow—at Sales Room, Duddell Street, postage stamps, 5.15 p.m.

August 8—at Sales Room, Duddell Street, household furniture, etc., 2.30 p.m.

Sports

See Special Sports Diary on page 8.

MISCELLANEOUS.

August 8—Hong Kong C.C. "At Home," 5.30 p.m.

August 8—Whist Drive, St. John's Cathedral Hall, 8.45 p.m.

have to think of earning their living to-day than ever before. There are only very few students in residence at the moment who have, no reason to think of the future. There is a stringency all round. In fact, I find under-graduates over-anxious to get out into the world to earn their living. They think that at 20 they are too late."

I mentioned the academic standard of learning, and Mr. Lindsay said: "It is going up. The number of men who are reading for honours increases year by year."

As for sport, Mr. Lindsay commented: "Sport does not unduly obtrude into university life. Of course, some colleges are more sporting than others, but the whole thing goes in cycles."

Foppishness.

Finally I mentioned a more serious question and Mr. Lindsay said very impressively:

"I know the thing to which you refer, the foppishness, and so on.

I may say that five years ago it was very prevalent and gave many of us cause for alarm. But I think it has all passed now."

"I do not think you will find such outward evidence of apparent effeminacy any more. And if you want a final word concerning the outlook and alleged idleness of Oxford undergraduates, let me say that in my opinion, the undergraduate of to-day is inclined to have too wide an interest in life and affairs."

"Sometimes their wide interests are bad for their work. I have to pull up more students for devoting too much time to political societies and literary associations than I do for their not working."

No Cambridge Inquiry.

A report that the Cambridge University authorities were making searching inquiries into the habits of undergraduates, following the shooting tragedy which resulted in three deaths, had been denied.

Douglas Newton Potts, an undergraduate at King's College, is alleged to have shot dead Mr. A. F. R. Wollaston, senior tutor of the college, and fatally wounded Detective-Sergeant Willis of the Cambridge police, before turning the revolver on himself.

Since the tragedy, remarkable stories of escapades of Potts and some of his companions have been told.

The Dean of King's College (Rev. Milner-White) made a statement to the Evening Standard with regard to the reported inquiry.

"No such action is being taken or contemplated by the authorities.

An Exceptional Case.

"We feel that this is an exceptional, although unfortunate case, and that it does not represent the behaviour of the average undergraduate."

"After all, Potts was one out of hundreds."

"In any case, if the proctors deem it wise to enforce a more strict discipline among the undergraduates, I am sure they will do so, but at present they are not contemplating such action."

The proctors know the habits of undergraduates very well, and they know that such a case as that of Potts occurs very rarely indeed."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS

of the Sale by Public Auction

to be held on MONDAY, the

11th day of August, 1930, at

8 p.m., at the Offices of the

Public Works Department, by

Order of His Excellency the

Governor, of one Lot of Crown

Land at junction of Embank-

ment Road and Duke Street,

Kowloon, in the Colony of

Hong Kong, for a term of 75

years, with the option of renewal

at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the

Surveyor of His Majesty the King,

SPECIAL LINES TO CLEAR

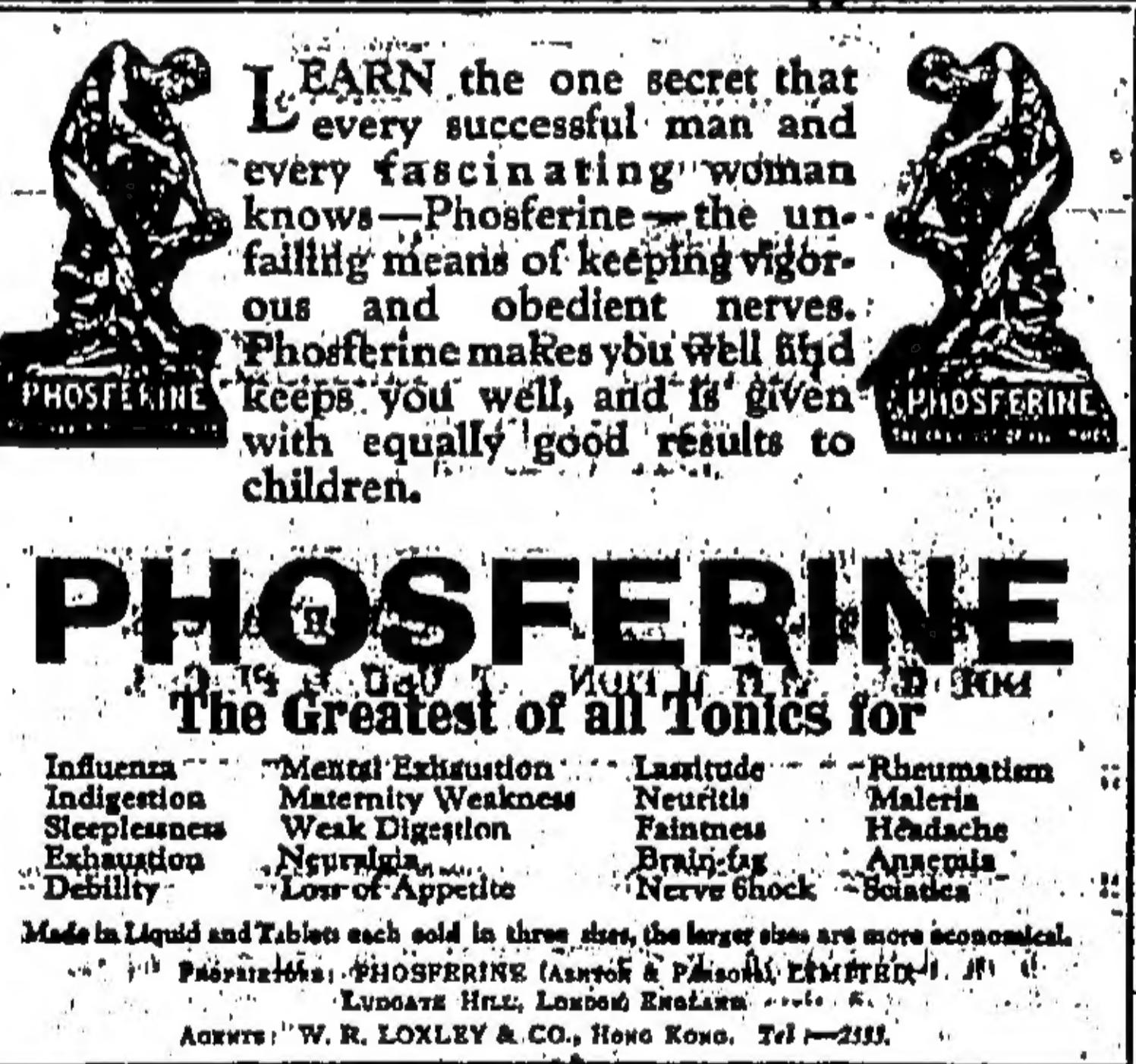
HATS from \$ 3.50.
 WASHING FROCKS... from \$ 5.50.
 AFTERNOON FROCKS from \$ 9.50.
 EVENING GOWNS... from \$15.50.
 CANVAS SHOES from \$ 5.50.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.
 Ladies' Department.



G. FALCONER & CO (HONG KONG) LTD.
 WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS
 DIAMOND MERCHANTS.
 Union Building (Opposite G.P.O.)

Agents for:—ADMIRALTY CHARTS,
 ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,
 KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
 ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers.
 High Class English Jewellery.



MAN LOONG.
 PRESERVED GINGER MANUFACTURERS.

NEW SEASON PRESERVED GINGER
 Best quality—Prompt attention to Exporters.
 Officer—2, Dundas Street, Kowloon. Tel. 57088.
 Factory—2, Godown, Praya, Dundas Street, Mongkok.

NO NEED TO BUY A NEW DRESS.
 TO GO TO THE SPECIAL
 HOTEL DANCES.
 JUST SEND US YOUR OLD
 ONE. WE WILL MAKE IT
 LOOK LIKE NEW.

THE INTERNATIONAL DRY CLEANING & DYEING CO.
 19, Wyndham St., 145, West Kowloon Road, Happy Valley, Hong Kong.

Sport Columns

COUNTY CRICKET RESULTS.

Middlesex Surprise
Sussex.

PEEBLES 5 FOR 8.

London, Yesterday. A number of matches were abandoned before or after two completed innings, but there were two victories to place on record. Middlesex defeated Sussex, at Brighton, by the large margin of nine wickets. The visitors were in arrears on the first innings, but splendid bowling by Peebles and Allen turned the tide, and Sussex were dismissed in their second venture for 72. Peebles bowled magnificently to take 5 wickets for 8 runs and Allen captured the remaining five for 31 runs. Set 102 runs for victory, the metropolitan county won by nine wickets.

At Clifton, Gloucestershire defeated Somersetshire by nine wickets. "Wally" Hammond played a good innings of 100 not out in a total of 181. Parker, with 18 wickets for 73 runs, was responsible for Somerset's batting failures.

At Manchester, the battle royal between Lancashire and Yorkshire was abandoned after the home county had captured first innings' points. Ernest Tyldesley contributed 107 to the total of 284 for 6 dec., and Macdonald, the fast bowler, with 7 wickets for 58 runs, completed Yorkshire's discomfort.

At Swansea the game between the Australians and Glamorgan was left drawn. The county, at the close of play, required only 20 runs for victory with three wickets in hand. Grimmett claimed 8 victims for 103 runs during the match. M. J. Turnbull and Bates were associated in a good stand, the former scoring 73 and the latter 52.

Below are appended the most noteworthy feats accomplished in the matches just concluded.

BATTING.

Tyldesley, E. (Lancs.)	107
Hammond (Gloucester)	100*
Bates (Glamorgan)	73
D. G. Bradman (Australians)	58
W. H. Ponsford (Australians)	53
A. Jackson (Australians)	53
M. J. Turnbull (Glamorgan)	52
* Not out.	

BOWLING.

Parker (Gloucester)	7-44
Macdonald (Lancs.)	6-29
Geary (Leicester)	7-58
Ryan (Glamorgan)	6-76
Langridge (Sussex)	6-36
I. A. R. Peebles (M'sex)	5-8
O. Allen (M'sex)	5-31
Young (Somerset)	5-51
N. W. C. Jupp (Northants)	5-69
Peach (Surrey)	5-70
Kennedy (Hampshire)	5-80
C. V. Grimmett (Australians)	4-34
* 4-69	

RESULTS AT A GLANCE.

Drawn.
 At Swansea—
 Australians: 245 and 71—1.
 Glamorgan: 99 and 197—7.

Drawn.

At Northampton—
 Northants: 114 and 61—1.
 Leicester: 170.

No Result.

At Birmingham—
 Warwick: 70—2.
 Derby: —

Gloucester won by nine wickets.

At Clifton (College Ground)—
 Somerset: 123 and 82.

Gloucester: 181 and 25—1.

Drawn.

At Canterbury—
 Kent: 271.

Hampshire: 98.

Drawn.

At Manchester—
 Lancashire: 284—6 dec.

Yorkshire: 125.

The COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP TABLE.

	1st Inn.	No.	Result
Lancashire	21	7	0
Yorkshire	21	0	2
Notts	21	6	1
Gloucestershire	21	9	4
Kent	21	9	5
Sussex	21	9	5
Derbyshire	21	7	4
Surrey	22	2	10
Essex	21	5	3
Leicestershire	22	4	6
Glamorgan	22	4	5
Worcestershire	23	13	7
Warwickshire	22	2	15
Northamptonshire	23	9	0
Midlands	23	9	0
Shropshire	23	9	0
Gloucestershire	23	11	8
Wales	23	11	10

The system of scoring is as follows:—1 point for an outright win; 1 point for a win in the first innings, a draw in the second, and 2 points for the county which has the best result in the last two innings.

YORKSHIRE CRICKET.

An Appeal for a Trial
for Youth.

TWENTY YEARS TIME?

(By "Second Slip.")

I hear that Herbert Sutcliffe has unearthed something good for Lancashire when he wrote to Mr. Harry Rylands, the Lancashire secretary, concerning the promising all-round form shown by Stanley Proffit, a Manchester shipping clerk.

Sutcliffe, along with Percy Holmes and Emmott Robinson, runs a coaching school at Headingly, Leeds, and to this house of learning Proffit found his way. Sutcliffe was so impressed with him that he recommended him for the Lancashire second eleven. He has now left the Central Lancashire League and is persevering on the County Ground.

What a pity Sutcliffe cannot un-

earth something for Yorkshire, who

might well gain the name of "the old brigade."

A glance at the eleven inspires little hope for the future. Rhodes, though he has

retired, plays in a few games, is over fifty. Holmes, Oldroyd, and

Robinson are well past forty.

Sutcliffe and Macaulay are over

thirty and Leyland on the thirty

marks.

Mitchell, who is showing good

form with the bat, is twenty-eight.

The enterprising captain, A. T.

Barber, I am glad to say, has many

years of cricket in front of him.

Dennis and Bowes uphold the

claims of youth in this elderly

team, the former showing distinct

promise as a fastish bowler, and

the latter as a fast-medium out-

swinger bowler. I can only hope

that these two will be able to get,

a thorough grounding in the mys-

teries of first-class bowling, so that

they will be able to give Barber

valuable support in the year when

experiments will have to be made.

It is true that Yorkshire will

have Sutcliffe, Leyland, and

Macaulay for some years to come,

but, nevertheless, this does not

allay my suspicion of youth being

ignored with a view to the present

rather than to the future. With

the population of Yorkshire and the

keenness displayed by its inhabi-

tants, a new face might quite well

be seen in the eleven once a week.

There is nothing like a trial. But

for all the "old men" that York-

shire support, the county produces

a rattling good eleven which at the

moment is second only to Lancashire in the county championship.

It is true that Yorkshire will

have Sutcliffe, Leyland, and

Macaulay for some years to come,

but, nevertheless, this does not

allay my suspicion of youth being

ignored with a view to the present

rather than to the future. With

the population of Yorkshire and the

keenness displayed by its inhabi-

tants, a new face might quite well

be seen in the eleven once a week.

There is nothing like a trial. But

for all the "old men" that York-

shire support, the county produces

a rattling good eleven which at the

moment is second only to Lancashire in the county championship.

PUBLIC SCHOOL RESULTS.

Not Out Double Century
for Charterhouse.

DULWICH BEATEN.

Harrow 336 for 6 (dec.) (W. M. Welch 171 not) and 236 for 6. Harrow Wanderers 307 for 7 (dec.) (L. G. Cravley '96).

I. Ziegler 232 for 5 (dec.), Eton 157 for 9 (Hale 61).

King's School, Ely, 391 for 9 (dec.) (Harris 74). Cambridge Gentlemen 251 (Whewell 113).

Charterhouse 333 for 5 (dec.) (C. Middleton 202 not) Westminster 88 (Davidson 5 for 48).

St. Paul's 234 for 6 (dec.) (Haddington 121), Dulwich 84 (Sturton 4—11).

Forest School 315 for 5 (dec.) (Hudson 102), Old Foresters 228 for 7.

Haileybury 323 (McCall 87) and 235 for 5 (dec.) (Rogerson 70,

235 for

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The following rates of postage are now being charged on letters (other than postcards) addressed to the following destinations:

Destination	Rate of Postage
Places in the Colony	3 cents for each oz. or part of an oz.
United Kingdom and British Possessions and Protectorates	6 cents for each oz. or part of an oz.
Macao	4 cents for each oz. or part of an oz.
Cina Proper, excluding Sinkiang, Mongolia and Tibet	14 cents for the first oz. and 8 cents for each additional oz. or part of an oz.
Foreign Countries generally	The special rate of 2 cents per oz. on newspapers published in the Colony and addressed to Hong Kong, United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates, China and Macao has been abolished and the rate of 2 cents per 2 ozs. substituted therefor.
Circulars for addresses in the Colony or Wei-Hai-Wei, which are posted in batches of not less than ten of uniform size and weight, and which are posted by being delivered to an officer of the Post Office, are now charged postage at the rate of 2 cents for each 2 ozs. or part of 2 ozs. instead of 1 cent per 2 ozs. as heretofore.	

INWARD MAIIS

From	To	Per
	THURSDAY AUGUST 7.	
Shanghai and Swatow	Soochow	
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco, July 12) & Europe via Siberia (London, July 19)	Shinyo Maru	
JAPAN AND SHANGHAI	Haruna Maru	
Shanghai	Alderman	
EUROPE VIA NOGAPATUM (Letters and Papers, London, July 10)	Kashima Maru	
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco, July 11)	President Garfield	
SUNDAY, AUGUST 10.		
Amoy	Tjiloeboet	
MONDAY, AUGUST 11.		
Canada, U.S.A., Japan and Shanghai (Vancouver, B.C., July 24)	Empress of Asia	
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco, July 18)	President Grant	
Australia and Manila	Tanda	
TUESDAY, AUGUST 12.		
Sourabaya	Tjibodas	

OUTWARD MAIIS

For	To	Per
	WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 6.	
*Straits, East Africa via Mombasa and South Africa via Lourenco Marques and *South American Ports	Bingo Maru	3.30 p.m.
Samshui and Wuchow	Tai Ming	4 p.m.
Fort Bayard	Sui Kong	5 p.m.
Saigon	Telemachus	5 p.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C. & S. America and *Europe via Vancouver, B.C.	Empress of Japan (Due Vancouver, B.C., Aug. 22 and *Europe via Siberia.)	
Parcels	Aug. 6, 5 p.m.	
Registration Aug. 7, 9.15 a.m.		
Letters	10 a.m.	
AUGUST 7.		
Hohow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Menado Maru	8.30 a.m.
Swatow	Hydrangea	3 p.m.
Saigon	Shun Chih	3.30 p.m.
FRIDAY, AUGUST 8.		
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haining	2 p.m.
Shanghai	Tsinan	3.30 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt & Egypt via Marseilles	Haruna Maru (Due Marseilles, Sept. 7.)	
K.P.O.	G.P.O.	
Registration Aug. 8, 4.30 p.m.		
Letters	4.30 p.m.	
Tourane		
SATURDAY, AUGUST 9.		
Shanghai, Japan and *Europe via Siberia	Kashima Maru	3.30 p.m.
Manila	President Garfield	5 p.m.
SUNDAY, AUGUST 10.		
Amoy	Antung	8.30 a.m.
Foochow and Wei-Hai-Wei via Swatow	Kueichow	9 a.m.
Hohow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Tean	9 a.m.
Bangkok via Swatow	Klangsu	9 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Hozan Maru	9 a.m.
TUESDAY, AUGUST 12.		
Swatow, Amoy & Foochow	Haiching	1 p.m.
Saigon, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt & Europe via Marseilles	D'Artagnan (Due Marseilles Sept. 13)	
K.P.O.	G.P.O.	
Registration Aug. 12, 1 p.m.		
Letters	1 p.m.	
Manila		
Manila		
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 13.		
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Wai Shing	8.30 a.m.
Straits and Calcutta	Hin Sang	10.30 a.m.
FRIDAY, AUGUST 15.		
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haf Yang	1 p.m.
Straits and Calcutta	Suf Sang	
Parcels	Aug. 15, Noon	
Letters	1 p.m.	

*Superscribed correspondence only

DO YOU KNOW that by paying \$130.00 down and \$23.00 per month for a limited period you can become the proud owner of a

GENERAL ELECTRIC
ALL-STEEL REFRIGERATOR

On view at:

The Hong Kong Electric Co. Ltd. Wm. C. Jark & Co. Ltd.
The General Electric Co. Ltd. Andersen Meyer & Co. Ltd.

ABOARD THE NEW "EMPERESS."

Big Gathering of Local Residents.

TRIBUTE TO THE CLYDE.

Mr. Allan Cameron presided at the inaugural dinner held on board the Clyde-built s.s. Empress of Japan last night, on the occasion of the liner's maiden visit to the port. H.E. the Governor, H.E. the General Officer Commanding (Major-General Sandilands), Rear-Admiral R. A. S. Hill, Sir Joseph Kemp, Sir Shou-son Chou, and the Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, were amongst the visitors. Several hundred people attended in all, including representatives of the various Consulates, and the professions.

Visitors Welcomed.

Mr. Cameron, after the loyal toast, welcomed the visitors. He regretted that invitations had to be restricted somewhat, but they had not been able to seat all the guests they would have wished to invite.

The company, in building such a ship, had indicated their confidence in Trans-Pacific trade. The present depression, they considered, was only a depression, or a "growing pain" in the developments to come. The speaker went on to review the various enterprises of the Company, both in Canada and abroad, and concluded with some interesting personal reminiscences.

His Excellency's Reply.

His Excellency the Governor, rising to reply, said:

I rise to propose the toast of the Empress of Japan and the ship's company. I have had a hint that I must be brief and I accept that suggestion with readiness and I assure you that I will faithfully abide by it. I congratulate the Canadian Pacific on having built such a magnificent ship and on sending her out to these waters. She is entirely in accord with the tradition of that great company, a company which we all recognise as one of the big assets of the British Empire. (Hear, hear and applause). It is a company which operates a transport service with communications over. I understand, two thirds of the circumference of the earth.

Kipling has written "With a liner she is a lady by the paint upon her face." Canadian Pacific have raised their liners to the status of Empresses and I am sure you will all agree that they are entirely justified as their liners are truly royal.

Trials of a Landsman.

I suppose as a landsman I have suffered my full share of a long sea voyage. In addition to crossing the Atlantic and going to Australia in my early days, I have travelled from Malaya to England fifteen times and I felt that each voyage was more dreary than the last one. Even as a youth I never attained that proverbial board-room flirtation and in my later years I merely ate and drank and read and slept. I have come to the conclusion that one of the brighter sides of retirement of a public servant was that I should not go for any more long sea voyages. I feel however, that I must reconstruct my idea as I feel that no passenger can find a voyage on a ship like this in any way dreary. Its table as you have seen to night is excellent; its accommodation magnificent; its furnishings leaves nothing to be desired and offers every form of exercise that you can imagine and in fact it provides for every luxury that is necessary for the comfort of its passengers. A week or two ago, I happened to see a picture in Punch of two sailors discussing a modern liner. One of the sailors was saying that in a year or two no person will travel on board a liner unless they had a cathedral and a dirt-track on board. (Laughter).

Getting Acquainted.

My own experience of the Canadian Pacific is restricted to a voyage on their rail at Montreal some twenty years ago and I look for-

ward on my leave to increasing my acquaintance with the Company by travelling on one of its ships, and I hope it will fall to my lot to strike the Empress of Japan.

On behalf of the guests, I thank the Captain and his fellow officers for their hospitality and I ask you to drink to their health and success. (Applause.)

Captain S. Robinson, C.B.E., R.D., R.N.R., addressing the gathering, said, in part:—It is very difficult for me—in an assembly like this to know what to say. I joined the old Empress of Japan in 1894 and I see scattered around the various tables to-night numerous faces of friends that I have known since that time. My main object in addressing you of course is to say how pleased I am to see you all here and particularly to thank your Excellency for your kind interest in coming here to this inaugural dinner.

I hope to have the pleasure of seeing you all on board this ship on some other occasion as passengers. (Applause.)

RADIO
TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

The following programme will be broadcast to-day from the Hong Kong Broadcasting Station Z.B.W. on 25 metres:

6 p.m.—Chinese Programme.
7 p.m.—European Programme of Victor and H.M.V. Records.

"In Springtime"—Overture (Carl Godmark), Chicago Symphony Orch. (6576A).

"Serenade" (Schubert), "Only a Rose", Reginald Foort, Organ Solo (B2491).

"Mirille"—Valse (Gounod), Lucilla Melius, Soprano (6527B).

"Mignon—Polonaise" (Thomas), Salut D'Amour (Elgar), Marcel Weber and His Orchestra (B2603).

"Thank God for a Garden" (Teresa Del Biogo), John Turner (Tenor) (B2341).

"Jean" (Burleigh), "All Thro' the Night I Think of You", De Groot & the Piccadilly Orchestra (B2757).

"For You Alone" (Listz), Wilhelm Bachaus, Piano Solo (6502B).

"Nails"—Waltz (Dohnanyi), "Mountain Lovers" (Squire), John Turner (Tenor) (C1843).

"Nirvana" (Adams), "Serenade" (Korakow), Chicago Symphony Orch. (6579A).

"Valse Triste" (Sibelius), "Son of Mine" (Wallace), Ethiopia Saluting the Colours", Stuart Robertson, Baritone (B2407).

"Rienzi"—Overture (Wagner), Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra (6524A).

"One Alone" (Romberg), "It" (Romberg), George Baker, Baritone (B2461).

"Rienzi"—Overture, (Part 3), "Götterdämmerung—Closing Scene", Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra (6525A).

"I Think of You" (Weston), Norman Long—Humorous (B2580).

"Is it British?" (Weston), Norman Long—Humorous (B2580).

"Love the Moon" (Rubens), "Jeunesse" (Barry), Walter Glynn (Tenor) (B2701).

"Hungarian Fantasy"—Parts 3 & 4 (Listz), The Royal Albert Hall Orchestra (211A).

9 p.m.—Weather Report;

"Song of the Volga Boatmen", "The Dear Homeland", Peter Dawson, Bass-Baritone (C1842).

"Evening Song" (Schumann), "Jocelyn—Barcarolle" (Godard), Pablo Casals, Symphony Orchestra (9059A).

"Narcissus"—Overture (Thomas), "Midnight Review" (Glinka), Faodor Chaliapin (Bass) (6519B).

"A Day in Venice" (Nevin), Victor Salon Orchestra (9478A).

"The Two Grenadiers" (Schumann), "Narcissus" (Nevin), "A Shepherd's Tale" (Lullaby), Victor Salon Orchestra (9479A).

10.30 p.m.—Close Down.

AN EX-MANAGER IN TROUBLE.

Alleged Forgery of a Voucher.

\$520—INVOLVED.

Discharged last month by Mr. A. W. G. H. Grantham on numerous counts, alleging embezzlement against him, Kwoi Chungs, former manager of the Health Service Intelligence Bureau, Wyndham Street, yesterday afternoon appeared before Mr. H. R. Butters charged with feloniously forging a voucher purporting to have been signed by T. K. Leung for the sum of \$520.

Mr. M. K. Lo appeared for the complainant, Mr. Siow Choon-ling, Managing Director of the firm, whilst Mr. F. X. D'Almada, sen, was for the defence and a plea of "not guilty," as well as autrefois acquit.

Mr. Lo said that accused had been charged with various offences including the charge that he, on April 9, was entrusted with moneys by the complainant, did fraudulently convert a sum of \$520. At the hearing in that case the Magistrate who tried it came to the conclusion that the explanation given by the defendant was satisfactory and that no fraudulent intent to appropriate money was proved.

Mr. D'Almada: The Magistrate held that T. K. Leung was engaged and that it was necessary that a canvasser be engaged.

Mr. Lo: I do not know what actually the grounds for the discharge was, and I do not care what the grounds were.

He then gave details relating to the present charge which arose from an entry in the firm's books showing that \$520 had been paid as salary to a canvasser named T. K. Leung, who, the prosecution alleged, was a fictitious person. The case was adjourned to August 14 and 15.

EXCHANGES

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS
ON LONDON—

Bank wire 1/3 1/4

Bank, on demand ... 1/3 1/4

Bank, 4 months' sight 1/3 1/8

Credits, 4 months' sight 1/3 15/16

Documentary, 4 months' sight 1/4 1/

NOW
ON
SALE.



"MASITAR, one missee have ling you up when you go out, me no saevee what name but me catchee number." He produces a dirty piece of paper an which is written 24641. Mr. Tupman was in an embarrassing position—he knew so many ladies. "He was not the man to spend hours perusing the Telephone Directory, so he spent an uneventful evening waiting for the second call. That was enough for him, he went out the next day and purchased the TELEPHONE HANDBOOK. Now he is able to tell in a few seconds who rang him up.

Contentment shows on the face of Mr. Tupman after his purchase of the Handbook. His note book is the result of a survey of this book. He is genuinely satisfied, and does not regret buying this book of reference.

THE TELEPHONE HANDBOOK.

Giving the new automatic numbers in NUMERICAL ORDER.

PRICE \$1.00

Published By

THE HONG KONG DOLLAR DIRECTORY CO.

"CHINA MAIL" OFFICES, 3A, WYNDHAM STREET.

GET YOUR COPY NOW!

MUSSOLINI'S ACTION

IN FAVOUR OF THE PEASANTRY.

[By Professor Arturo Marescalchi, State Secretary in the Italian Ministry of Agriculture.]

Vienna, June 26.

The Mussolini Government has made agriculture the chief task of its programme which provides for the exploitation of all those domains in any way suitable for improvements and by means of which cultivation is to be augmented to the greatest measure possible, making of Italy an agricultural state. The conquest of the soil is to-day the so-called "Bonifica Integrale" a complete recovery of the land which provides for the drainage and dessication of the marshland and malaria districts and the general improvement and modernizing of obsolete agricultural processes, so as to attain higher returns and to improve the economic situation of the farmers, thereby giving them better standards of life and obtaining an increase of population in the rural districts. This programme, besides the 2,305,000 hectares of marshland which still awaits complete drainage also comprises 3,683,000 hectares of soil on which amelioration is possible and finally more than 3 million hectares alpine land which still awaits exploitation. Altogether it is a question of nearly one third of the area of the Kingdom of Italy. By means of drainage marshland has been dessicated or covered by better soil; 773,243 hectares can already be considered as reclaimed; 1,183,378 hectares are still being worked and 428,882 hectares still remain to be attacked. The enactment provisions of the law provide for work representing a value of more than 10 milliard Lire, distributed over 14 years.

State Subsidies.

To which extent the whole of the "Bonifica Integrale" will reimburse the state the sums advanced cannot yet be stated in so many figures. But we have an example. For the "Bonifica" of the Island of Arlano in the district of Polesine the state gave 3 million subsidies. Now, ten years after the conclusion of the ameliorations, it draws more than 22 millions worth of taxes from the same district. The whole of Italian cultivated land is suitable for intensive methods of agriculture. It will suffice to give the peasants a certain amount of technical training and to assist them on a large scale by agricultural implements and tools. Instruction will be

promoted by itinerant lectures, these groups of teachers having been augmented by the Fascist government by more than 300 sections and having reached a total of 618 to-day, moreover 2,500 professional popular courses of lectures have been instituted which were attended by 84,000 farmers. Aid was given for cultivation, oil for the motors being furnished exempt from taxation; in the last four years more than 4½ million lire worth of subsidies were granted for the mechanical cultivation of waste land, help was also granted for grain sowing; premiums and subsidies awarded for fruit growing, prizes of 7 million lire worth have been distributed within the last three years for the promotion of cattle breeding in connection with the whole agricultural equipment of farms.

Grain Battle.

In order to gain an idea of the favourable results obtained we may quote the "Battaglia del Grano" (the grain battle) which was started by the Premier in 1925. The harvest of 71 million double metric quintals of grain obtained on an area in the last year which formerly produced at the utmost 50–55 million quintals signifies an uncontrollable progress and brings Italy up to nearly the level of the average output per hectare of the big northern countries, a fact which formerly appeared unattainable. Italy in former years with an average harvest ranged seventh in rank; to-day with 14.7 double metric quintals she ranges fourth and is only surpassed by Great Britain, Germany and Czechoslovakia.

Preventing an Exodus.

Every possible device is resorted to in order to prevent the exodus from the rural districts to the towns. Negligence of land lords is punished by compulsory measures, they being deprived of the permission to run their own estate which is entrusted to persons who guarantee for better results. Furthermore everything possible is being done in order to free the seafarers workers, these vagrant, homeless elements from the unsatisfactory situation in which they are placed in the more populated districts and to direct them towards fixed agricultural work on the formerly waste land which the "Bonifica" has recovered and where new tracts are being cultivated which require fresh labour. Great pains are being taken to repopulate these districts and one tries to give every family their own house and bit of land without hindering the agricultural cultivation on a large scale, by agricultural implements and tools. Instruction will be

DARING ROBBERY.

ARMED Dacoits' COUP AT DELHI.

Delhi, July 7. A letter signed "Long Live Revolution" received by Seth N. N. Gadodia, a municipal Commissioner here, was the prelude to the theft of Rs. 16,100 from his swadeshi shop in the heart of the city last night. Five young men, two of whom appeared to be Bengalis and another a Sikh, entered the shop about 10 p.m., held up the cashier at the point of a revolver and demanded the keys of the safe.

They seized currency notes and cash, amounting to Rs. 16,100, cut the telephone wires, and decamped. The dacoits fired several shots to frighten off some people who had gathered at the entrance. At Queen's Gardens they jumped into a car and sped away.

Mr. Gadodia stated he had recently received two letters, one of which stated:

"If we succeed we will pay your money with interest, otherwise you should forego your money, which is nothing as compared to the lives we have sacrificed for India." It was signed "Long Live Revolution."

Mr. Gadodia is a prominent Congress-worker. He was Mr. Gandhi's host at the beginning of the year.

A Testing Ground.

On General Motors' American testing ground cars covered 8½ million miles during 1929.

ments are introduced in general regarding the life of the rural population; besides better roads, drinking water and sanitary housing a minimum of social comfort is also to be spread in these strata of the population; telephones, electric light, pastimes and amusements such as wireless sets, cinemas, itinerant libraries, sports, housewife clubs, aiming at domestic training, etc. In this domain women can do a lot as the wish to live in the country often emanates from them.

That the measures of the Fascist Government in favour of the improvement of agriculture in Italy are successful, is proved by the fact that the rough output of the Italian soil and its agricultural undertakings has risen from 8½ milliard gold lire at the time Mussolini assumed the Government, to

OPIUM COMMISSION BACK.

"Much Has Already Been Done."

The opium problem cannot be solved in a day, but a solution can be found. This is the opinion pronounced by Sweden's Minister in Argentine, E. Ekstrand, on his return from an extensive tour through the Far East as the Chairman of the League of Nations Anti-Opium Commission. The final results and the proposals as to how the opium-evil should be exterminated will be embodied in the report of the Research Commission to the League, but Minister Ekstrand has told the Swedish press some interesting facts concerning the research work now completed.

The Commission headed by Mr. Ekstrand and with a Swedish secretary, Mr. Renborg, also includes a Czechoslovakian and a Belgian member. It has travelled through India to Burma, the Malay States, the Dutch East Indies, Siam, Indo-China, Hong Kong, Macao, the Philippines, Formosa, Korea and Japan via Canada to Cherbourg back to Geneva. The commission has made thorough studies of the opium problem in all its aspects, collecting all available statistics and material, interviewed officials, clergymen, governors, teachers, doctors, prison officials, judges, lawyers and sea captains. They have visited numerous opium dens and examined opium addicts in all walks of life.

Soldiers Mow Down Poppy Fields. Minister Ekstrand emphasized that he is not pessimistic about the opium problem. Governments and officials have done much to eradicate the vice. In some countries the growing of poppies has been strictly forbidden, and soldiers have even been sent out to mow down entire fields of them. In other countries the opium has been kept under control and given out in small rations to notorious addicts. In some cases attempts have been made to cure severe opium cases by administering sleeping draughts, keeping the addicts asleep for a whole week to enable them to get over the unbearable craving for the drug.

On the whole there now seems to be a firm and unanimous opinion everywhere that the opium vice must be exterminated, and Mr. Ekstrand thinks that this can be achieved through efficient measures and by means of international cooperation.

BRITAIN'S OLDEST "MUSEUM."

An attempt is to be made to secure the restoration of what was at one time Britain's oldest museum. It is a wall in Oxford designed by Sir Christopher Wren and provided with niches for the reception of 150 classical statues.

The proposal is sponsored by Dr. R. T. Gunther, the Curator of Old Ashmolean Museum, whose

interest in some recent repairs led to the interesting discovery

that the original structure is in excellent condition. It is concealed, however, behind an Eighteenth Century wall guarding the Sheldonian Theatre, also the work of Wren. The history of the "museum" is best described in the words of John Evelyn, the diarist, who was closely associated with the whole project and was personally responsible for the gift of the Arundelian marbles to the University made in 1667 by Henry Howard, later Earl of Arundel and seventh Duke of Norfolk.

"When I saw these precious monuments miserably neglected," begins the record, "and how exceedingly the corrosive air of London impaired them, I procured him to bestow them on the University of Oxford. This he was pleased to grant me,"

and I sent immediately letters to the Pope to request that if they esteemed it a service to the church they should take orders for their transportation."

There followed a decree of thanks, and two years later the diarist was present at the inaugural celebration at the Sheldonian Theatre. He dined, so he tells us, with the Vice-Chancellor, and spent an enjoyable afternoon inspecting "the noble marbles and inscriptions now inserted in the walls" that compass the area of the Theatre, which were 150 of the ancient and most worthy treasures of that kind in the learned world."

"Observing," he continues, "that some idle persons began to scratch and injure them, I advised that a hedge of holly should be planted at the foot of the wall to be kept breast high only, to protect them which the V.C. promised to do the next season."

ARCHBISHOP O'DOHERTY.

Sailing on Trip to U.S. and Rome.

Archbishop Michael J. O'Doherty of the Philippines arrived here on Monday, by the s.s. President McKinley, on the first lap of a trip that will take him to Rome, after crossing the United States, to make the "ad limina" visit to the Holy See and to request the approval of Pope Pius XI. of the sale of the Dinalupihan Estate.

Archbishop O'Doherty will board the Empress of Japan here and proceed to the United States, where after touring some of its important cities he will board a liner for Italy. He expects to stay in the United States from three to four weeks, spending most of the time in New York where he counts with a large circle of friends.

It was learned officially that the archbishop will request the approval of the Pope for the sale of the Dinalupihan Estate, for which Representative Luis Santiago has received an option, provided he posts a bond of P660,000 before September 17. The 60-day option on the sale of this estate, which was signed on July 18, calls for a selling price of P2,250,000.

Archbishop O'Doherty will also make a report to the Vatican on the progress of the Catholic Church in the Philippine Islands. The archbishop expects to return to the Philippines in December, or January. During his trip abroad, he will also visit his brother, Monseigneur Joseph O'Doherty, rector of the University of Salamanca, famous Spanish centre of learning.

Father William Fletcher accompanied the archbishop to Hong Kong.

Representative Santiago, chairman of the house committee on friar lands and chief representative of the friar estate tenants, in the negotiations looking toward the purchase of the estates by the tenants, declared after returning from a trip to the Buena Vista friar estate in Bulacan that he considered the Dinalupihan estate in Batangas virtually settled, and that he is starting discussion with the archbishop on his representatives on the question of the purchase of the Buena Vista estate.

At the conference he and Representative Cirilo B. Santos of Bulacan, had with Archbishop Michael O'Doherty last Thursday, according to Representative Santiago, the legislators reiterated the intention of the tenants and their backers to comply with the requirements set forth by the archbishop in the option of sale given to the tenants requiring payment of P660,000 of the total selling price of P2,250,000 on or before September 18.

Mr. Santiago said that the tenants already have on hand P200,000 of the P660,000 required, but that he believed the rest of this amount could be raised within the life time of the option. He said he was so certain that the tenants could put up the necessary funds for the purchase of the estate that he did not hesitate to start negotiations for the purchase of the Buena Vista estate.

He explained that it is expected the Pope would have no objection to the sale of the friar estates in view of the fact that the archbishop himself finds no objection to such sale.

It was understood that the archbishop gave assurances that the Holy See also would have no objection to the sale of the Buena Vista estate in Bulacan, consisting of three municipalities and covering an area of 28,000 hectares, if the church was offered a good price for it.

Mr. Santiago said the Buena Vista estate may be bought for P400,000 which is believed to be the sum quoted to him by the church dignitaries handling sale negotiations. The Buena Vista estate is held by the Arundel family.

He explained that it is expected the Pope would have no objection to the sale of the friar estates in view of the fact that the archbishop himself finds no objection to such sale.

It was understood that the archbishop gave assurances that the Holy See also would have no objection to the sale of the Buena Vista estate in Bulacan, consisting of three municipalities and covering an area of 28,000 hectares, if the church was offered a good price for it.

Mr. Santiago said the Buena Vista

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

AT THE NEW SILK STORE.



From
\$3.00

AT THE
TAJMAHAL SILK STORE
5, Wyndham St. Tel. 26136.

BOOKBINDING.

THE NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.
for Superior Binding
"China Mail" Offices,
3A, Wyndham Street, Tel. 20022

BOOTS & SHOES.

Leather Sole Canvas Shoes ... Pair
Crepe Rubber Sole Canvas Shoes \$ 4.50
Crepe Rubber Buckskin Shoes \$ 10.00
Black or Brown Shoes from \$ 6.00
Black or Brown Boots from \$ 8.00
Children's Boots or Shoes from \$ 2.00
Best styles, most complete stock
of all sizes. Repairing a specialty.
WONG SIU WOON
21, Pottinger St. Phone 21474.

DENTIST.

HARRY FONG, Dentist,
1st floor, No. 74, Queen's Road
Central. Tel. 21255.

TANG YUK, DENTIST

Successor to
the late SIEN TING,
14, D'Aguilar Street.

TERMS VERY MODERATE
Consultation Free.

DRAWN THREAD WORK.

Just Arrived

LINENS & SILK
LINGERIE
with
Unusual New Designs
at
Moderate Price.

OPTICIAN.

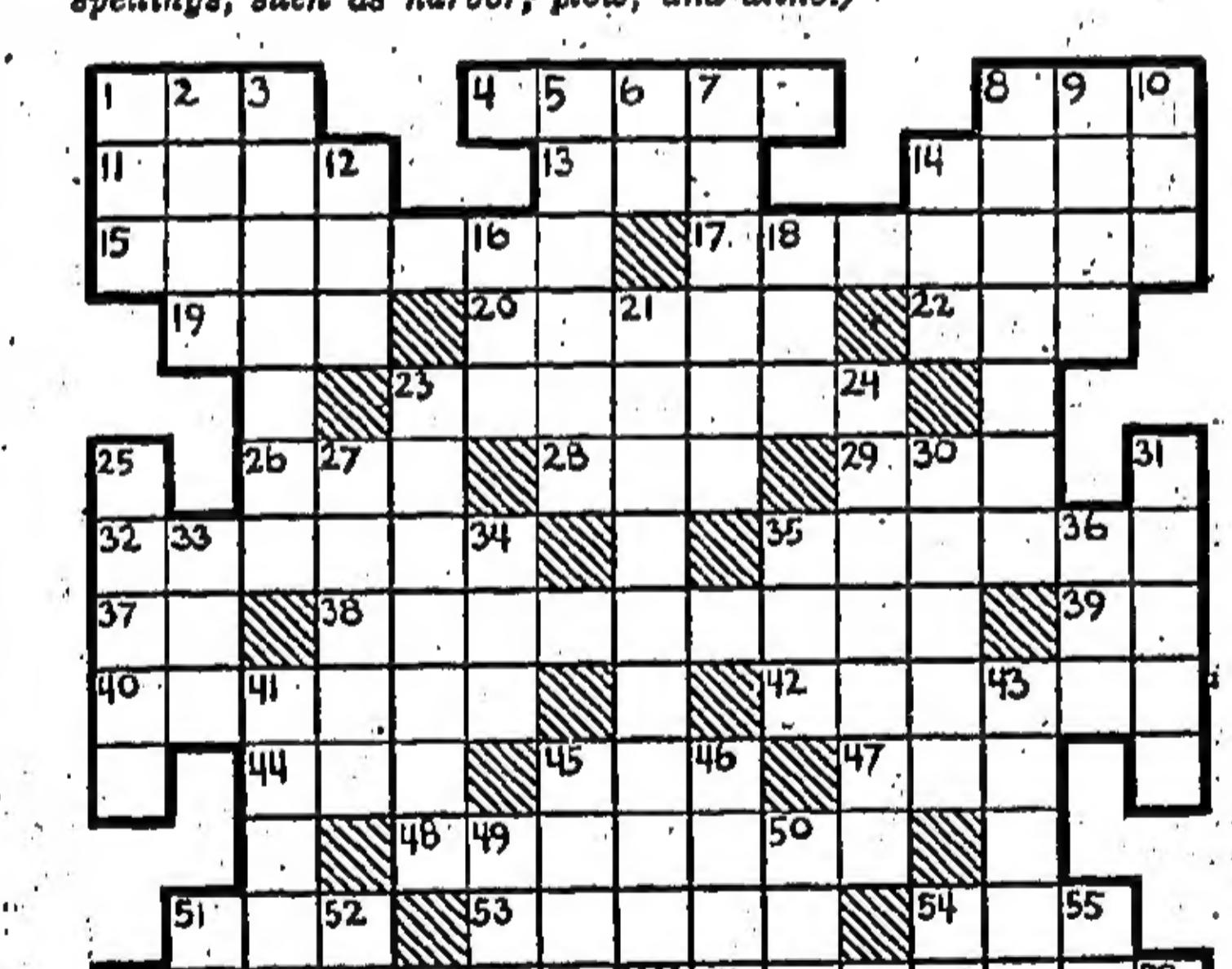
THE HONG KONG OPTICAL CO.
Phone 22222.
53, Queen's Road Central.

PRINTING.

THE NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.
General and Commercial
Printers, "China Mail"
Offices.
3A, Wynham Street, Tel. 20022.

DAILY CROSS-WORD PUZZLE.

(This cross-word puzzle has been made by an expert but our readers are warned to look out for occasional phonetic spellings, such as harbor, glow, and altho.)



HORIZONTAL (Cont.)

1—Old measure of length.

4—Friendship.

8—Prefix—bad.

11—Sorrel and gray horse.

12—Single.

14—A state in Brazil.

15—A gal! (Sot.)

17—One who carves.

19—German for "she."

20—Scotland.

22—Greek letter.

23—Belonging to Sparta.

25—A metric land-measure.

26—Ascended.

28—Mottled streak in wood.

THE
HONG KONG
PENINSULA HOTEL:
HONG KONG HOTEL: REPULSE BAY HOTEL;
PEAK HOTEL
AND

SHANGHAI
ASTOR HOUSE: PALACE HOTEL.
HOTELS,
LIMITED

In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits, Peking.

AIRLIE HOTEL 21-25, NATHAN ROAD,
KOWLOON.
Under European Management. Three Minutes from Ferry.
EXCELLENT CUISINE—MODERN APARTMENTS.
TERMS MODERATE.
Tel. 57357. Cable Address: "AIRLIE."

TYphoon -
MAP - - -
OF THE
CHINA SEA

The Landsman's
Handy Guide
to Locating the
Centre of a
TYphoon

Price 40 Cents.

NOW ON SALE AT THE PUBLISHERS

THE NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.

China Mail Office, 3A, Wyndham Street.

Donations and Subscriptions must now
be sent to the Hon. Treasurer, Mrs. H. E.
Goldsmith, 525, The Peak.

HONG KONG BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

"SCOUNDREL" WHO
MARRIED GIRL OF 15.

Wish to Start Life
Anew.

Walter Arthur Charles Dicketts, aged 30, described as a company manager of rue Desenne, Paris, was sentenced to twelve months' hard labour by the Marylebone magistrate on several warrants charging him with fraud and fraudulent conversion of money.

Dicketts had been brought to London from Hamburg, following extradition proceedings, and it was stated that he had been in custody for nine months at Salzburg, Austria, where he had been sentenced for fraud.

It was stated that he had used a number of names and in the first case had obtained money from Douglas Marks, a professional entertainer, by posing as a publicity agent for an American film company. He said he could help Marks to make money in America and received £10 from him towards the cost of his journey to America.

Short Married Life.

At Leigh-on-Sea it was stated, he posed as the manager of a New York firm, saying his salary was £1,200 a year, and married a girl who was understood to be under 16 years of age. Within a short time he left her and she returned to her parents. The girls

THE HABITS OF THE GERMANY ON THE
PARIS EDITOR.

The Office "At Home" Day.

AFFABLE AND ACCESSIBLE.

Paris, June 30. During the decades, Paris editors have been renowned for their accessibility; seldom are they so overwhelmed by work and other cares that callers are sent away cursing and lamenting. The visitor with an idea for an interesting article is attentively listened to by a sympathetic host, who presses upon him a cigarette from a little yellow packet—containing twenty for five-pence-halfpenny. Should the caller be a person of social eminence, he is escorted to the front door; if the aspirant for literary distinction shows that frances are scarce with him, the editor is none the less courteous. Ever polite.

The "redacteur en chef" also sets apart one afternoon in the week for receiving those who desire an interview. From half-past two till four o'clock a file of callers passes graceful compliments with him, make known their suggestions—and blow the usual cloud of smoke. Those who are, so to speak, of the approved outside staff have not wasted their time, nor that of the editor, past services having made a name for them. Others, though unable to derive benefit from the visit, are not altogether discontented; they at least have been cordially received. Before the last visitor has left, the waste-paper basket is heavy with wrappers in which cigarettes once were housed. The ashtray is emptied many times.

In a word, Paris editors are most affable—they have no patience with "the divinity that doth hedge a King." No frills.

His Sad Fate.

"Monsieur" usually is, alas, ill-paid, compared with the salaries obtaining in America and England. He may have successfully edited a paper for many years without earning more than a living wage; as to putting by sufficient to purchase a modest annuity, that is out of the question. Nor do his duties afford him leisure in which to write for other publications, unless he is charged with the conduct of a magazine. The best that an editor of a flourishing daily paper can hope for is a pension, when, at the age of seventy, or thereabouts, he is past work. The "redacteur en chef" who retires on a compensation allowance of £8 a month thinks himself lucky and never ceases blessing his late employers. One unfortunate, elderly man was lately retired, through illness, on £5 a month, and informed that an exception had been made in his case. Happily, the recipient of this bounty has since drawn a prize in the State lottery, a stroke of luck which has resulted in greatly improved health. He is the envy of all shelfed editors.

Occasionally a far-seeing journalist, who numbers amongst his acquaintances adventurous capitalists, "strikes it lucky." Persuading those with no ey that a new venture can be made to pay, he secures the necessary capital, and, with the assistance of pushing advertisement-canvasser, makes a success of the paper. Or he writes almost every word of the four pages constituting the diminutive journal; his principal's weekly leader excepted. He certainly earns the monthly dole.

Limited Knowledge.

Paris editors are men of education. Few have omitted to pass the examination for "baccalaureat" (B.A.), while some, who decorate the higher walks of editorial circles, sport (in the uppermost button-hole of each coat in their wardrobe) the purple rosette bestowed in recognition of educational services to France. Where politics are concerned, editors have ever been well-informed, for all Frenchmen are born politicians.

This general knowledge in other directions leaves something to be desired, unless it concerns the land in which they have been brought up. The French—even when they are well-to-do—hate travelling and the experience which is acquired by intercourse with the world at large. None care to improve their minds in the right direction. A pity.

Although the editor is no linguist, he uses an occasional English word in his leaders and incorrectly. The Paris Jockey Club is alluded to as "is Jockey" a steeple-chase as "in" steeple".

JOB!

"Out-of-Date" British
Salesmen.

A LONDON COMPLAINT.

What are British manufacturers doing to arrest the decline in our foreign trade? How far have they followed the advice of the Prince of Wales to bring our salesmanship up-to-date and raise it equal to the standard of British workmanship?

These questions are prompted by a letter to the Sunday Dispatch from "H.S.", a member of the Junior Carlton Club, who draws on actual experience to give an alarming picture of the inefficiency of British sales' methods, and by contrast, the superlative sales organisation of our German competitors.

In the Grand Hotel of the most interesting capital in Europe (writes "H.S.") an Englishman arrived with an enormous amount of luggage, and took a large sitting room on the first floor. He represented one of the oldest firms in the midlands.

When he invited me to see his samples, I expressed astonishment that his list of goods was printed in English and that the prices were marked in £ s. d. He replied that his firm supplied the lists. He could not understand German.

Nobody whom I saw came into his room, and two or three days later I again inspected his extraordinary collection of travelling bags, hunting knives, and other things I was not surprised to hear that he had sold nothing.

German Contrast.

This Englishman appears to have spent about £50 in the hotel, but did no business. He eventually left for Constantinople and Egypt, and perhaps the Khyber Pass.

After seeing off this energetic, pushing, highly trained commercial traveller I found a gentleman standing at the door of the hotel. He handed me his card, and asked me to do him the honour of going up to his room, which was on the top floor.

"I must be off in a day or two," he said, "I have been following the English traveller for the past month all the way from Ostend, and I shall keep on following him."

"Look here," he continued. "My samples do not exceed 54lb. in weight and I represent 52 German firms. Each firm appoints me for three months and pays me one mark a day and 2½ per cent. on all I book as orders."

"Everything I have is a sample—my hat, my umbrella, my collar, my studs, my watch, my clothes, cigarette-case pocket-book and pencil, even my boots."

"Now the first day when we (the English traveller and I) arrived at this hotel I went downstairs to have my early morning coffee. I took up the coffee cup and said to the manager, 'Where do you get these cups from?' I think we could supply you with better at 25 per cent. cheaper. Show me the invoice."

"I read it, and then told him that I could let him have better coffee cups and tea cups, plates, etc., with the monogram of the hotel engraved upon them, for 33 per cent. less than he was paying.

Room Free.

"I then said to the manager, 'If I do this, what will you charge me for my room?' The reply was, 'Nothing; we "make" by your coming.'

"Then I did similar business with regard to the teaspoons, forks and knives, and got, beside my room, my early breakfast as long as I was in his hotel. By dinner time I had booked orders for glass, blankets, plated things, for tea and coffee, sheets, etc., and got contracts by which I had all my food free and two bottles of wine a day."

"The manager told me the directors of the company were very pleased, as he had placed orders at three to six months' credit and had made a saving of £15,000."

Perhaps I should add that by way of contrast to the British traveller the German knew three languages perfectly in addition to his own.

His catalogues were in seven languages—German, French, Italian, Polish, Russian, Greek, and Slav.

We have not got the men—why not?

and a cross-country running event as "un cross". These and similar errors have been pointed out to various ignoramus, who, looking upon the correction as sheer folly, take umbrage at the attempt to set them on the right path. Frenchmen consider themselves infallible.

Every now and then an editor is called upon to light a duel, his political opinions being resented by the person who has been attacked. The combatants meet in the Bois de Boulogne, the pistol or foil doing the business for which these deadly weapons are intended. Sometimes the encounter is bloodless, the pair kissing and making friends...

FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY

1st August to 15th August.
DON'T MISS THIS CHANCE.



WONDERFUL BARGAINS
ALL GOODS GREATLY REDUCED.

LADIES' ATTENTION.

Printed Georgette	36"	\$2.25
Printed Crepe	27"	\$2.25
Printed Art Silk	27"	\$2.00
Patel Chine	26"	\$1.50 a yd.
Plain Georgette	36"	\$1.50 to \$2.00
Spun Crepe Plain	27"	\$1.40 to \$1.50
Crepe de Chine H. Qrt	27"	\$2.50
Crepe de chine	40"	\$3.00
Printed Georgette	27"	\$1.40 to \$1.90
Pearl crepe	32"	\$2.25
Palace crepe	27"	\$1.45
Crope de chine	36"	\$1.80
Plain chiffon	36"	\$1.60
Majri crepe	27"	\$2.50
Carded Fuji	29"	\$1.50
Bodium Silk	27"	\$2.25
Striped spun		\$1.30
Plain Fuji		\$0.70
Plain Satin and Satin Crepe		\$1.50
Printed Fuji		\$1.30
Taffeta	29"	\$1.80 a yd.
Chiffon Crepe	27"	\$3.00 a yd.
Plain Jap. Silk	27"	\$0.50 cts.
Plain Crepe	27"	\$1.40 a yd.

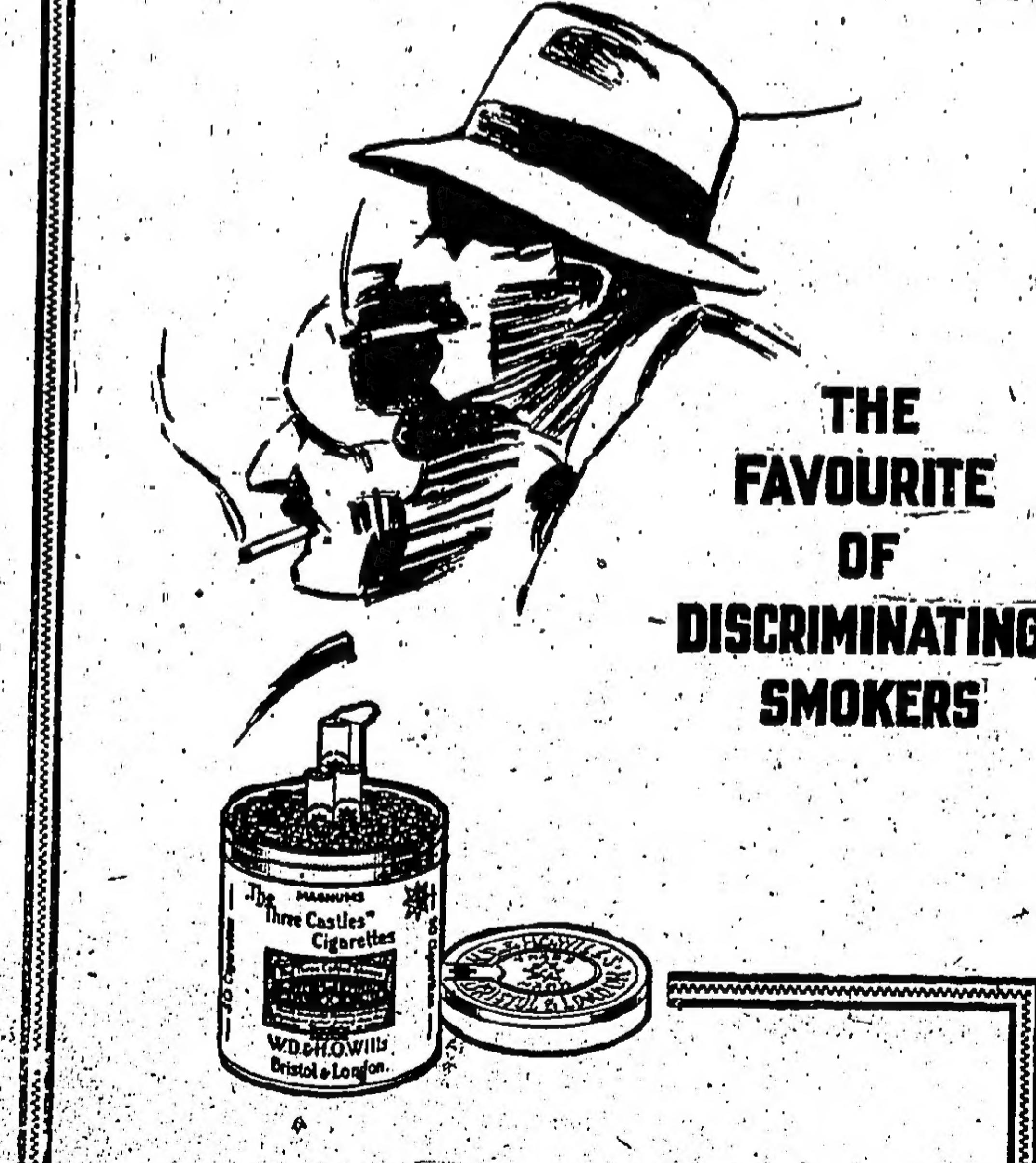
D. CHELLARAM

POPULAR SILK STORE.

Pedder Street,

Opp. Hong Kong Hotel.

Three Castles
CIGARETTES



THE
FAVOURITE
OF
DISCRIMINATING
SMOKERS





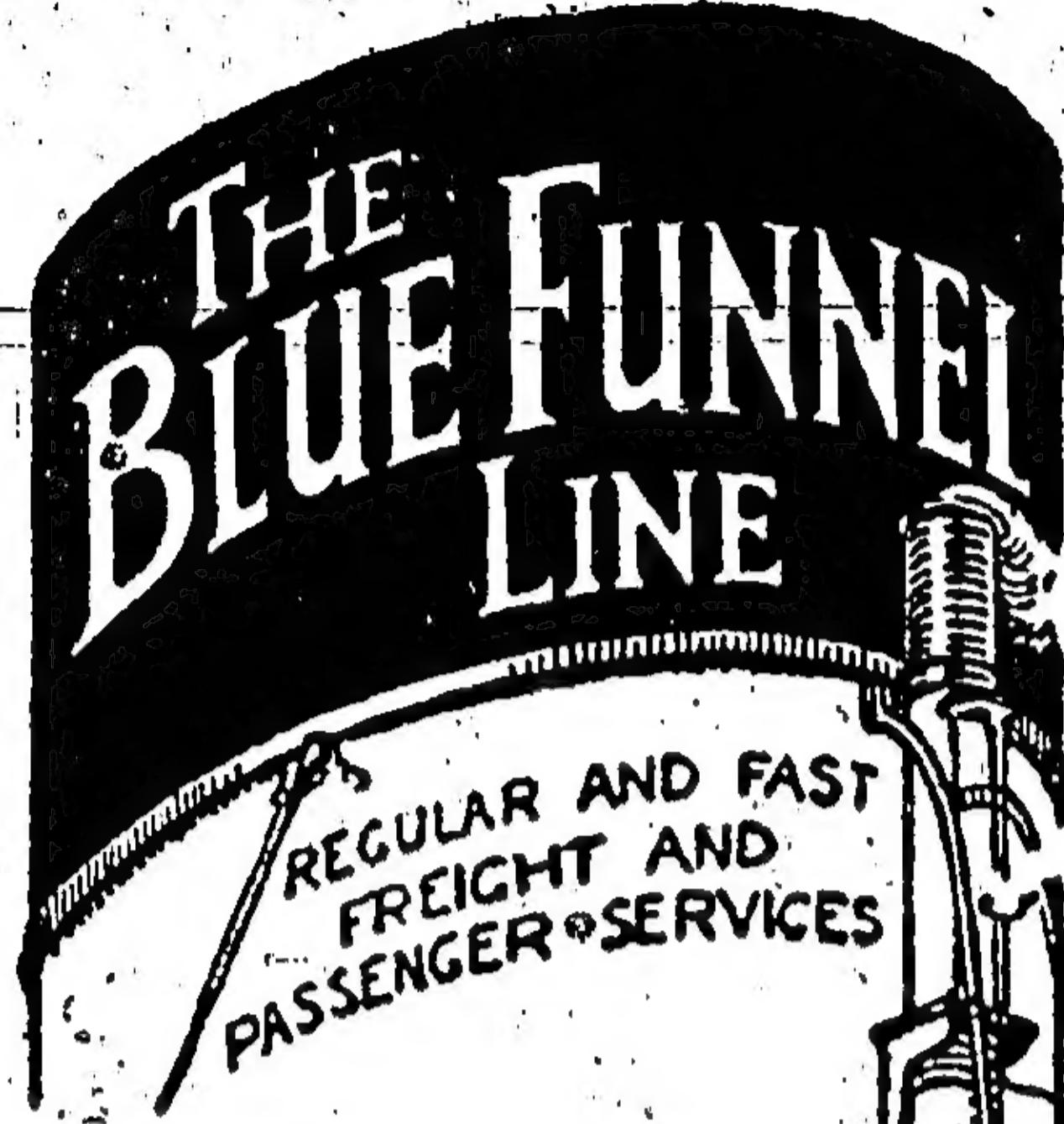
The China Mail

Wednesday, August 6, 1930.
INTERCALARY MOON, TWELFTH DAY.

ESTABLISHED
1845

大英八月六號 祀拜三
中華民國庚午年潤月十日

HONG KONG, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1930.



LONDON SERVICE.

"PHILOCTETES" 10th Aug. Miles, London, R'dam & Hamburg
"SARPEDON" 3rd Sept. Miles, London, R'dam, & Glasgow
Calls at Casablanca.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

"DARDANUS" 21st Aug. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow
"NELEUS" 6th Sept. Havre, and Liverpool

PACIFIC SERVICE.

(via KOBE & YOKOHAMA.)
"PROTEUS" 23rd Aug. For Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.
"TEUCER" 12th Sept. For Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle

NEW YORK SERVICE.

"RHEX-NOR" Sails 22nd Aug. For New York, Boston & Baltimore via Suez

INWARD SERVICE.

"OA-FA" Due 12th Aug. For Shanghai and Hankow
"NELEUS" Due 12th Aug. From New York

PASSENGER SERVICE.

"PATROCLUS" Sails 23rd Aug. For Shai, Tsingtao, Weihaiwei, Taku & Tsan
"SARPEDON" Sails 3rd Sept. For Singapore, Miles & London
Also cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation at specially reduced fares.

For freight, passage rates and information apply to—

Buttersfield & Swire,

Austria

SHOE THROWN AT DEPUTY MAYOR.

Uproarious Scenes at a Council Meeting.

MAYOR STILL IN PRISON.

Calcutta, Yesterday. There were uproarious scenes at a meeting of the Calcutta Corporation to elect a Mayor and Alderman, owing to the failure of the Mayor, Sengupta, who is at present in prison, to take the oath within the statutory period.

The candidates for office at yesterday's meeting were Sengupta and Subhas Chandra Bose, who is also in prison, the leaders of the rival groups of the Congress Party.

Sengupta's followers scaled the wall and entered the Chamber and made noisy demonstrations. A shoe was thrown at the Deputy Mayor, who is a member of the Bose group. The meeting finally had to be adjourned.—Reuter.

UGLY SCENES.

STRIKERS BLOCK THE ROADS AND STONE BUSES.

Lille, Yesterday. Strikers repeated their ugly demonstrations to-day, blocking the roads with obstacles and stoning buses conveying non-strikers from Belgium. The number of strikers at Roubaix and Tourcoing has increased to over 20,000.—Reuter.

Strike to End. Paris, Yesterday. The metal workers strike shows signs of ending. A number of employees at Lille returned to work yesterday. The strike in the metal industry at St. Quentin has also ended. A number of workers in other industries who came out in sympathy with the metal workers has also resumed. Employers announce that all factories are re-opening to-day.—Reuter.

Mr. Eldon Potter, K.C., and Mr.

MIXED MONEY.

TROUBLE OVER A LOAN.

COMPLICATED POINTS.

Complicated points of accounting were presented to the Chief Justice, this morning, in an action in which Un Tsing-chun, Un Tin-kwong, and Un Ching-shi, executors of Un Ho-i, asked for an order as to the disposal of certain property, upon which an equitable charge was given some years ago.

Mr. H. G. Sheldon, who appeared for plaintiffs, instructed by Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist, in opening the case, stated that the action concerned the sum of \$60,000, which was advanced to them out of the estate of Lau Ping in August 1914. Lau Ping's administrators were his sons Lau Yu-fong, and Lau Yik-cheuk, put on September 20, 1927, Lau Yu-fong died, and Lau Lam-shi became his executrix in due course.

Trouble Begins!

In December, 1927, plaintiffs repaid the money to Lau Yik-cheuk as the surviving administrator of Lau Ping. It is claimed that this repayment was made by adjustments of accounts in the books of the Kung Yuen firm, in which plaintiffs, under the title of Un Wo Lok Tong, and Lau Ping's estate, under the long name of Lu Kwong Yue Tong, were both interested.

Lau Yik-cheuk does not appear personally in the present action, but plaintiffs base their action upon the grounds that the sum has been repaid to him in the manner stated.

Lau Lam-shi, the first defendant, in reply, states that she had no direct knowledge of the transaction in question, nor any information upon the matter furnished her.

Previous to the present action she requested that a proper accounting be furnished her, which she alleges she has not received. She also states that the title deeds of the property covered have never been in her possession.

Mr. Eldon Potter, K.C., and Mr.

SERIOUS PROBLEM OF GRAIN SURPLUS.

Children Threatened by Scanty Milk Supply.

PIGS FED ON WHEAT.

New York, Yesterday. "Nature seems to be solving the problem of the grain surplus." This remark, by a member of the Farm Board, indicates the only bright spot in a record drought throughout almost the entire country. Farmers in the grain States have begun to feed wheat to pigs and cut it for hay, as the grass is scorched up. The grain brokers estimate the loss of the corn crop for July at 400,000,000 bushels, and, by a rough estimate, the total losses due to drought at \$500,000,000.

The country's milk supply has threatened children in the middle west corn belt, who are subsisting on the meagrest diet, as the cows are dried up for lack of pasture.—Reuters American Service.

PREMIER RETURNS.

VISIT TO OBERAMMERGAU PASSION PLAY.

Rugby, Yesterday. The Prime Minister returned to London this afternoon from Oberammergau, where he witnessed the Passion play during the week-end. He will leave for Lossiemouth, Scotland, to-morrow, travelling by air if the weather permits.—British Wireless Service.

F. C. Jenkin, instructed by Mr. A. M. Arculli, are appearing for the defendants, Lau Lam-shi and Lau Yik-cheuk.

The case is proceeding.

AMUSEMENTS

"THE GREATEST SCREEN ENTERTAINMENT OF ITS KIND YET OFFERED."

New York Journal



FOR the first time, the talking screen unfolds its crowning achievement, a revue blending the beauty and talent of stage and screen into a mammoth entertainment!

25 Stars! Chorus of 200!
Big Song Hits! Laugh Sketches!

with

MARION DAVIES JOHN GILBERT
NORMA SHEARER WILLIAM HAINES
JOAN CRAWFORD BUSTER KEATON

"Singin' in the Rain"
"Your Mother and Mine"
"Gotta feelin' for you"
"Low Down Rhythm"

"Nobody But You"
"Orange Blossom Time"

SONG HITS

BESSIE LOVE—CHARLES KING—
CONRAD NAGEL—LIONEL BARRYMORE
—MARIE DRESSLER—JACK BENNY—
GUS EDWARDS—DANE and ARTHUR—
LAUREL and HARDY—UKELELE IKE—
ANITA PAGE—POLLY MORAN—GWEN
LEE—BROX SISTERS—ALBERTINA
RASCH BALLET—NATACHA NATTOVA
and COMPANY—THE ROUNDERS

AT THE TO-DAY AND
QUEEN'S TO-MORROW

At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.

TO-DAY ONLY

AT THE WORLD THE CHINESE PICTURE
"WESTWARD HO."

BASED ON THE NOVEL
by W. J. LOCKE

with

ERNEST TORRENCE
ANNA Q. NILSSON

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
AT 5.30 & 9.20.

THE ROMANCE of an English Clown in a French circus who rose to the rank of a brigadier-general during the war and the strange events that followed.

BASED ON THE NOVEL
by W. J. LOCKE

with

ERNEST TORRENCE
ANNA Q. NILSSON

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
AT 5.30 & 9.20.

QUEEN'S NEXT CHANGE

"HARMONY AT HOME"
And
MONTMARTRE FOLLIES

UNFORGIVING! — UNFORGIVEN.

SAY "BAYER ASPIRIN" and INSIST!

"BAYER'S ASPIRIN First in the World."

TO-DAY TO
SATURDAY

AT THE
MAJESTIC.

POLA
NEGRÍTM
IN
"THREE
SINNERS"
A ROWLAND V. LEE PRODUCTION

CENTRAL THEATRE

TO-DAY ONLY
Daily at 2.15, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20 p.m.

ADVICE TO WIVES! SEE
"CHARMING SINNERS"



with
RUTH CHATTERTON
CLIVE BROOK
WILLIAM POWELL
MARY NOLAN

"CHARMING
SINNERS"
A Paramount Picture

Voted by "Film Weekly" Readers
To Possess The Best "Talkie" Voice.

NEXT CHANGE

CLARA BOW

The "IT" Girl's First All Talking Picture.
A Brilliant new romance drama.

Booking at Anderson and the Theatre Telephone 26720.

Produced by the Producers The New York Film Corporation, Directed by Ernest Lubitsch, Story by Sam Wood, Music by Max Steiner, Art Direction by Cedric Gibbons, Cinematography by Edward Seitz, Edited by Walter R. Rosenfeld.